## Loss of Arabidopsis *GAUT12/IRX8* causes anther indehiscence and leads to reduced G lignin associated with altered matrix polysaccharide deposition

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**Supplementary Data** 



**Supplemental Figure S1.** The *irx8* mutant alleles are complemented by a *GAUT12-EGFP* construct.

(A) Relative position of T-DNA insertions in *irx8-2* and *irx8-5* and position of primers used to measure transcript levels as indicated by arrows (upper panel). The *GAUT12-EGFP* (*GAUT12*)

construct is driven by the CaMV 35S promoter and contains the full GAUT12 coding sequence followed by enhanced GFP linked via a valine-proline (-V-P-) linker (lower panel).

(**B**) Seven-week-old *irx8-2* and *irx8-5* mutants have similar dwarf phenotypes. *Col-0*, wild type *Columbia-0*.

(C) to (J) Toluidine blue-O stained free-hand transverse sections of WT (C), *irx8-2* (D), *irx8-2* + *GAUT12* (E), *irx8-2* heterozygote (HT, F), WT+*GAUT12* (G), *irx8-5* (H), *irx8-5* + *GAUT12* (I), and *irx8-5* HT (J). Arrows in (D) indicate collapsed xylem vessels due to reduced wall thickness, which was complemented by the *GAUT12-EGFP* construct. Bar = 50  $\mu$ m.

(**K**) Constitutive expression of the *GAUT12-EGFP* construct in both *irx8-2* and *irx8-5* homozygote mutants rescued the rosette leaf size of 5-week-old mutants to wild type levels.

(L) Full length *GAUT12* transcript (by primer 1 and 2 indicated in A) was absent in *irx8-5* but reduced in *irx8-2*, while a partial N-terminal transcript (by primer 1 and 3) was detected in *irx8-5*. Partial transcript 2 (by primer 1 and 4) and 3 (by primer 5 and 2) both spanning the T-DNA site were absent in *irx8-5*. The *GAUT12-EGFP* expression was only detected in the transgenic plants (by primers 6 and 7). Total RNA was harvested from bottom stems (1 inch from soil) of the corresponding plants.

(M) Siliques from WT and *irx8-5* plants. The *irx8-5* silique is smaller and contains almost no seeds. Bar = 2 mm.



**Supplemental Figure S2.** The *irx8* indehiscent anther phenotype complemented by *GAUT12*-*EGFP* (*GAUT12*) and cell wall analyses of WT, *irx8*, and *irx8*-complemented plants.

(A) *irx8-5+GAUT12* flower, the black arrowhead indicates pollen shed onto stigma. Bar = 250  $\mu$ m.

**(B)** *irx*8-2+*GAUT12* plant restored the plant stature to WT-like. White arrow indicates formation of siliques.

(C) Sugar composition of total cell walls (AIR) from 7-week-old plant stems. Neutral sugar composition was determined by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry of alditol acetates.

Uronic acids were analyzed by DIONEX. Value = mol% of individual sugar  $\pm$  standard error.



**Supplemental Figure S3.** TEM of LM10 immunogold-labeled xylem vessel and interfascicular fiber cell walls of WT, *irx8*, *irx8-5+GAUT12* and WT+*GAUT12*.

Xylem vessel cell walls labeled with the anti-xylan antibody LM10 in WT (**A**), *irx*8-5 (**B**), irx8+GAUT12 (**C**), and WT+GAUT12 (**D**).

Interfascicular fiber cell walls labeled with LM10 in WT (**E**), *irx*8-5 (**F**), *irx*8+*GAUT12* (**G**), and WT+*GAUT12* (**H**). Bar =  $0.3 \mu m$ .



**Supplemental Figure S4.** Light microscope images of anther and pistil in open flowers of WT, *irx8-2, irx8-5, irx8-2* and *irx8-5* heterozygote (HT), *irx8-2+GAUT12, irx8-5+GAUT12,* WT+*GAUT12, irx9-1,* and *parvus-3.* 

Both *irx8-5* and *irx8-2* have short anther filaments and indehiscent anthers with no pollen release. The insets show close-up images of an anther from the corresponding flowers. Bar =  $250 \mu m$  for flowers and =  $100 \mu m$  for inset anthers.



**Supplemental Figure S5.** Immunofluorescent labeling of transverse-sections of LR Whiteembedded *irx8* and wild type (WT) anthers in open flowers.

WT (**A**) and *irx8-5* (**H**) anther sections (250-nm-thick) were stained with toluidine blue, arrowheads point to septum breakage. ep, epidermis; en, endothecium; p, pollen; lo, locule. WT and *irx8-5* anthers labeled with xylan-directed antibodies CCRC-M137 (**B** and **I**), LM11 (**C** and **J**), LM10 (**D** and **K**), CCRC-M149 (**E** and **L**), CCRC-M138 (**F** and **M**), and CCRC-M160 (**G** and **N**); pectin-directed antibodies JIM5 (**O** and **U**), JIM7 (**P** and **V**), CCRC-M38 (**Q** and **W**), and CCRC-M14 (**R** and **X**); AGP-directed antibody JIM13 (**S** and **Y**); and fucosylated xyloglucan-directed antibody CCRC-M1 (**T** and **Z**); Bar = 50  $\mu$ m. CCRC-M38 recognizes unesterified HG, CCRC-M14 recognizes RG-I backbone, JIM5 recognizes low-esterified HG, JIM7 recognizes high-esterified HG, JIM13 recognizes AGP, LM10 (Xylan-6) binds to low-substituted xylan, LM11 (Xylan-6) binds to both low- and high-substituted xylan, CCRC-M149 (Xylan-7) binds strongly to xylotriose and xylopentaose, CCRC-M138 (Xylan-6) and CCRC-M160 (Xylan-7) remains undefined (Pattathil et al., 2010; Pattathil et al., 2012).



**Supplemental Figure S6.** *GAUT12* transcript expression in pollen grains (PG) and pollen tubes (PT) measured by qPCR.

(A) *GAUT12* transcript expression in Arabidopsis bottom stems and hydrated pollen grains (*GAUT12* expression in PG was set as 1).

(B) *GAUT12* transcript expression in hydrated pollen grains (0.5 h) and *in vitro* grown pollen tubes (*GAUT12* expression in 16 h PT was set as 1). *CESA4* and *IRX9* showed no expression in either pollen grains or growing pollen tubes. Values = average relative expression level  $\pm$  standard deviation of three independent experiments.



**Supplemental Figure S7.** Aromatic regions of 2D  $^{13}$ C-<sup>1</sup>H Heteronuclear Single-Quantum Correlation (HSQC) NMR spectra of ammonium oxalate-, sodium carbonate wall extracts, and residual pellets of WT and the *irx8-5* mutant.

WT (A) and *irx8-5* (B) ammonium oxalate extracts.

WT (C) and irx8-5 (D) sodium carbonate extracts.

WT (E) and *irx8-5* (F) residual pellets. The signals of H, S, and G lignin monomers are as labeled.



**Supplemental Figure S8.** Aliphatic sidechain region of 2D  ${}^{13}C{}^{-1}H$  Heteronuclear Single-Quantum Correlation (HSQC) spectra of chlorite extracts prepared from WT (**A**), *irx8-5* (**B**), and *irx8-5+GAUT12* (**C**) stem alcohol insoluble residues (AIR).

Cross peaks representing lignin aliphatic side chains are labeled. Major changes in the *irx8* mutant from the WT were colored according to the lignin structures provided on right. There is a reduction of Glc/Gal (6)/A $\gamma$  signal as well as a complete loss of B $\beta$  and C $\beta$  signals in *irx8*, which are recovered in *irx8*+*GAUT12*. Glc/Gal(6) refers to the carbon 6 on glucose or galactose.



**Supplemental Figure S9.** Immunolabeling of interfascicular fibers from basal stems of 6-weekold wild type (WT), *irx8-5*, *irx8-5+GAUT12*, and WT+*GAUT12* plants.

CCRC-M38 recognizes un-esterified HG, CCRC-M14 recognizes RG-I backbone, JIM5 recognizes low-esterified HG, JIM7 recognizes high-esterified HG, LM10 (Xylan-6) binds to low-substituted xylan, LM11 (Xylan-6) binds to both low- and high-substituted xylan, CCRC-M149 (Xylan-7) binds strongly to xylotriose and xylopentaose, CCRC-M138 (Xylan-6) and CCRC-M160 (Xylan-7) bind to xylopentaose. The xylan epitope recognized by CCRC-M137 (xylan-7) remains undefined. Bar =  $25 \mu m$ .



**Supplemental Figure S10.** Lignin staining and cell wall composition of 7-week-old WT+*GAUT12* (*GAUT12*-overexpression) plants.

WT (A) and WT+GAUT12 (B) basal stem transverse sections stained with Mäule reagents.

WT (**C**) and WT+*GAUT12* (**D**) basal stem transverse sections stained with phloroglucinol-HCl. (**E**) Sugar composition of total cell walls (AIR) of 7-week-old WT and two individual batches of WT+*GAUT12* plants represented by (1) and (2). Value = mol% of individual sugar  $\pm$  SE (n=5). Neutral sugar composition was determined by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry of alditol acetates. Uronic acids were analyzed by DIONEX. Value = mol% of individual sugar  $\pm$  standard error.



Supplemental Figure S11. Specificity of the anti-GAUT12 antibody.

Anti-GAUT12 antibody was used to immunoprecipitate (IP) GAUT12 from TX-100-treated WT Arabidopsis stem microsomal membranes. Immunoprecipitation using anti-GAUT1 and anti-GAUT7 antibodies was used as control to verify the specificity of the anti-GAUT12 antibody. The entire IP products were resolved by 10% SDS-PAGE and analyzed in Western blots. A ~58-60 kDa protein was detected in western blot analysis of the anti-GAUT12 IP material upon probing with the anti-GAUT12 antibody (lane 1). No such band was identified in the IP materials immunoabsorbed by anti-GAUT1 (lane 2) or anti-GAUT7 (lane 3) antibodies. Similarly, no GAUT1 (lane 10) or GAUT7 (lane 7) protein was detected in the anti-GAUT12 immunoabsorbed fractions. Samples are GAUT12-IP (lane 1, 7, 10), GAUT1-IP (lane 2, 9), GAUT7-IP (lane 3, 6), total WT stem microsomes (50 µg protein) (lane 5, 8, 11), and protein ladders: M1 (Bio-Rad, #161-0373) of sizes 250, 150, 100, 75, 50 kDa, and M2 (Fermentas, SM1811) of size 250, 130, 95, 72, 55 kDa.

Genotyping primers	Forward (5'-3')	Reverse (5'-3')
irx8-5	GGTTTGCTTCTTGCTTCCGCT	TTTGGGACATTGACATGAATGGA
irx8-2	TTGTAACCACCAAACAGCTCC	TGAGAATCGAATGTTTTGTCG
irx9	CCAAAACTGTCAATTTATAACATTGG	ATGTTCAATGTGCCTCAAAGC
gatl1	GTTGAAGTAGCATGCTTTCCG	TATGCACAGACAAACATAGCG
Lb1	GCGTGGACCGCTTGCTGCAACT (for gatl1)	
Lbc	GGTGATGGTTCACGTAGTGGGCCATCGC (for irx8-5)	
Lb3	TAGCATCTGAATTTCATAACCAATCTCGATACAC (for <i>irx8-2</i> )	
G12 transgenics	TCTGGCATATGCTTGGTCTC	CGTTTACGTCGCCGTCCAGCTC
Semi-qPCR primers	Forward (5'-3')	<b>Reverse (5'-3')</b>
For GAUT12 transcript	CCATGGCACAGTTACATATATCTCCGAGCTTGAG (1)	GGTACCGCTGATGCTCTAATGTGACAGCTCTTG (2)
analysis (Figure S1L)	CATGGGCTTATGGAATGAATG (5)	CCGCTAGGTCGAAAACATTC (3)
	TCTGGCATATGCTTGGTCTC (6)	TTGGACATGACCGTGGAAAG (4)
		CGTTTACGTCGCCGTCCAGCTC (7)
Construct primers	Forward (5'-3')	<b>Reverse</b> (5'-3')
GAUT12-EGFP	CCATGGCACAGTTACATATATCTCCGAGCTTGAG	GGTACCGCTGATGCTCTAATGTGACAGCTCTTG
qPCR primers	Forward (5'-3')	<b>Reverse</b> (5'-3')
ACTIN2	GGTAACATTGTGCTCAGTGGTGG	AACGACCTTAATCTTCATGCTGC
GAUT12	CATGGGCTTATGGAATGAATG	AGCTGCCACAAACTCAGGTC
IRX9	TACTTTGGGACCCTGAGAGATG	ACAATCTTGTGCCGGAAGTC
GATL1	CTGCAGATTGCCCCTTAATC	TCGACGTGAGCAGAAGATTG
CESA1	GGGCAGTTAAGGTGATTCCA	TTGGGTCCACATCTTCTTCC
<i>GAUT1</i>	CCACAAGTGGCAAAACATGA	CGCCTTGTTTAAGGGATGTG
PALI	TATCCCGAACAGGATCAAGG	TCTCCGGTCAAAAGCTCTGT
C4H	CAGGTAGTGAAGGATTGAAATGTG	CCCACTCGATAGACCACAATG
4CL1	TTTGCTCATCGGTCATCCTG	CGACACGAATTGCTTCACATC
НСТ	GCTCTTAAGGCGAAATCCAAG	CTTTCCCACTGATCTCCACAC
СЗН	GTTGCTAACGTTGAAGGATCAG	TTCCGCTGTTATCGCTGTC
CCOAOMT1	CTCACAAGATCGACTTCAGGG	ACGCTTGTGGTAGTTGATGTAG
CCR1	ACCAAGTGCAAGGACGAGAA	GTCGTAGAGGCTTTGCTTGG
COMTI	TTGATCTCCCACATGTCATCG	ATGTTCGTCACTCCAGTCATG
F5H1	TCCATCAAACTTACCCGTGAC	TGTTGGACCCGTTTTAGATCC
CAD4	ATGTCTAATTATCCTATGGTTCCTGG	ACTCCGACTACATCTCCTACG
CAD5	CATCAATGGTCAACCTACACAAG	TCAACCGCCATTCCTTCTG
CAD6	TTGGGACGAAAATCGATAGC	TGCTTTTATGCCATGCTCTG

Supplemental Table S1. Listing of primer sequences.

**Supplemental Table S2**. List of plant cell wall glycan-directed monoclonal antibodies (mAbs) used for glycome profiling analyses (Fig. 7). The groupings of antibodies are based on a hierarchical clustering of ELISA data generated from a screen of all mAbs against a panel of plant polysaccharide preparations (Pattathil et al., 2010; Pattathil et al., 2012) that groups the mAbs according to the predominant polysaccharides that they recognize. The majority of listings link to the Wall*Mab*DB plant cell wall monoclonal antibody database (http://www.wallmabdb.net) that provides detailed descriptions of each mAb, including immunogen, antibody isotype, epitope structure (to the extent known), supplier information, and related literature citations.

Giycan Group Kecognized	<u>mAb Names</u>
Non-Fucosylated	CCRC-M95
Xyloglucan-1	<u>CCRC-M101</u>
	CCRC-M104
Non-Fucosylated Xyloglucan-2	CCRC-M89
	CCRC-M93
	<u>CCRC-M87</u>
	<u>CCRC-M88</u>
	I
Non-Fucosylated	<u>CCRC-M100</u>
Xyloglucan-3	<u>CCRC-M103</u>



	CCRC-M54
	CCRC-M48
	<u>CCRC-M49</u>
Non-Fucosylated Xyloglucan-5	<u>_CCRC-M96</u>
	CCRC-M50
	CCRC-M51
	CCRC-M53

Non-Fucosylated Xyloglucan-6	<u>_CCRC-M57</u>
	<u>CCRC-M102</u>
	CCRC-M39
Fucosylated Xyloglucan	<u>CCRC-M106</u>
	CCRC-M84
	<u>CCRC-M1</u>

	<u>CCRC-M111</u>
Xylan-1/XG	<u>CCRC-M108</u>
	<u>CCRC-M109</u>
	<u>CCRC-M119</u>
Xylan-2	<u>CCRC-M115</u>
	<u>CCRC-M110</u>
	<u>CCRC-M105</u>
	<u>CCRC-M117</u>
	<u>CCRC-M113</u>
	<u>CCRC-M120</u>
Xylan-3	<u>CCRC-M118</u>
	<u>CCRC-M116</u>
	<u>CCRC-M114</u>
	CCRC-M154
Xylan-4	CCRC-M150



	CCRC-M153
Xylan-6	CCRC-M151
	CCRC-M148
	CCRC-M140
	CCRC-M139
	CCRC-M138

	CCRC-M160
V 1 7	CCRC-M137
Xylan-7	CCRC-M152
	CCRC-M149

	CCRC-M75
Galactomannan-1	<u>_CCRC-M70</u>
	<u>CCRC-M74</u>

	CCRC-M166
Galactomannan-2	CCRC-M168
	CCRC-M174
	CCRC-M175
A contrilated Mannan	CCRC-M169
Acciviated Mannan	CCRC-M170









CCRC-M18

CCRC-M56

CCRC-M16

CCRC-M33
CCRC-M32
CCRC-M13
CCRC-M42
CCRC-M24
CCRC-M12
CCRC-M7
CCRC-M77
CCRC-M25
CCRC-M9
CCRC-M128
CCRC-M126
CCRC-M134
CCRC-M125
CCRC-M123
CCRC-M122
CCRC-M121
CCRC-M112
CCRC-M21
<u>JIM131</u>
CCRC-M22
_JIM132
_JIM1

CCRC-M15
CCRC-M8
<u>JIM16</u>







CCRC-M81
MAC266
<u>PN 16.4B4</u>

	<u>MAC207</u>
Arabinogalactan-4	JIM133
	<u>JIM13</u>
	CCRC-M92
	CCRC-M91
	<u>_CCRC-M78</u>

	MAC265
Unidentified	
	CCRC-M97

## References

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