

# Supplementary Material

# 1 SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

#### 1.1 Ground-based observations at Mt. Tokachi

Here we list the results of the ground-based observations of SO<sub>2</sub> flux measured at Mt. Tokachi by the traverse methods using a car or on foot. Mt. Tokachi has two main craters named Taisho crater and 62-2 crater. After 2014, in this study, the data were collected only by the walking traverse method using miniature ultraviolet spectrometers (USB2000+ and Flame-S, Ocean Optics, Inc.). Wind speed was measured with a portable anemometer around the craters.

Table S1. The SO<sub>2</sub> flux of Mt. Tokachi obtained with the ground-based observations

Date	Average	Min.	Max.	Reference
2003/7/7	210	60	400	Mori et al. (2006)
2006/7/9	130	40	260	M. Ohwada, pres, comm
2014/7/4	30*	15*	64*	This study
2015/10/5	410	180	680	This study
2016/9/24	520	510	530	This study
2017/6/26	220			This study
2019/6/12	33*	29*	37*	This study

<sup>. \*</sup>The SO<sub>2</sub> flux only from Taisho crater was measured.

### 1.2 Analysed data of satellite observations

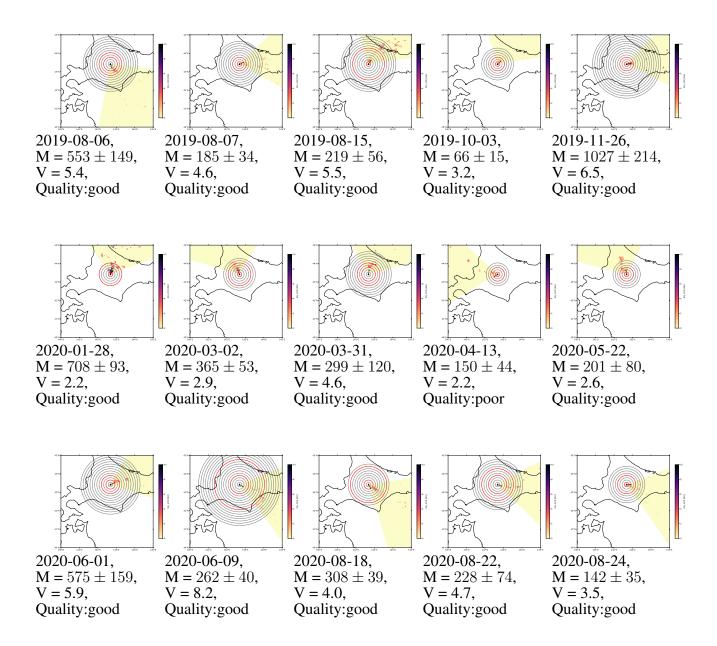


Figure S1: Results of satellite observations. Each caption shows Date of data, SO<sub>2</sub> flux [tons/day] of the day, wind velocity V [m/s], and data quality. Color scale represents Vertical Column Density of SO<sub>2</sub>. Circles are time windows. We integrated VCDs between two red circles. Black arrow represents the wind direction.

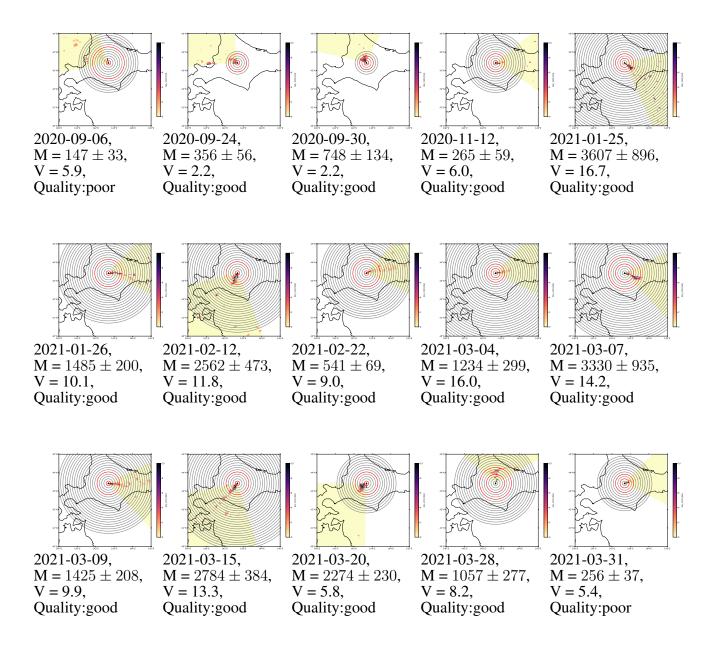


Figure S2: Results of satellite observations. Each caption shows Date of data,  $SO_2$  flux [tons/day] of the day, wind velocity V [m/s], and data quality. Color scale represents Vertical Column Density of  $SO_2$ . Circles are time windows. We integrated VCDs between two red circles. Black arrow represents the wind direction.

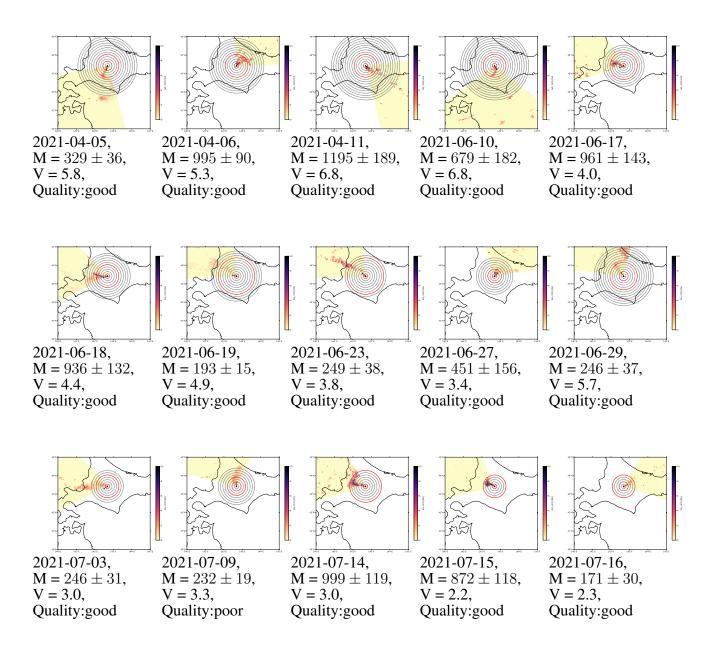


Figure S3: Results of satellite observations. Each caption shows Date of data, SO<sub>2</sub> flux [tons/day] of the day, wind velocity V [m/s], and data quality. Color scale represents Vertical Column Density of SO<sub>2</sub>. Circles are time windows. We integrated VCDs between two red circles. Black arrow represents the wind direction.

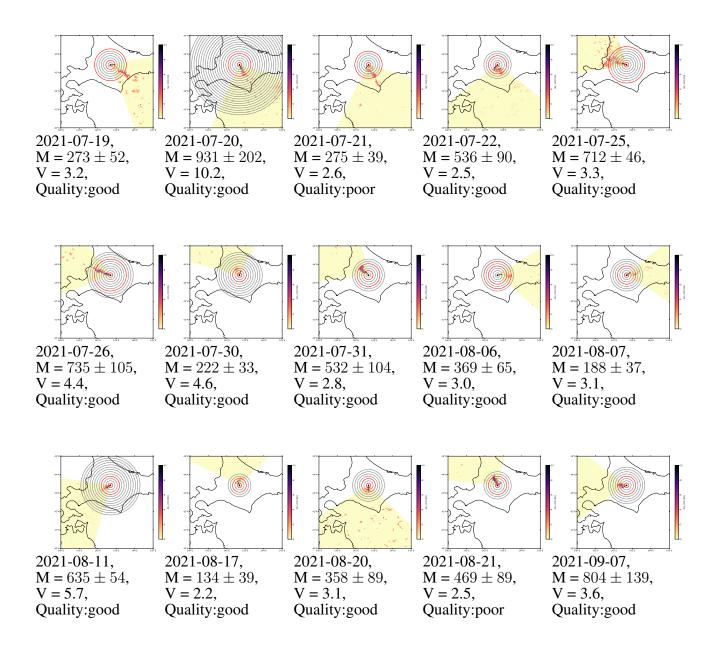


Figure S4: Results of satellite observations. Each caption shows Date of data,  $SO_2$  flux [tons/day] of the day, wind velocity V [m/s], and data quality. Color scale represents Vertical Column Density of  $SO_2$ . Circles are time windows. We integrated VCDs between two red circles. Black arrow represents the wind direction.

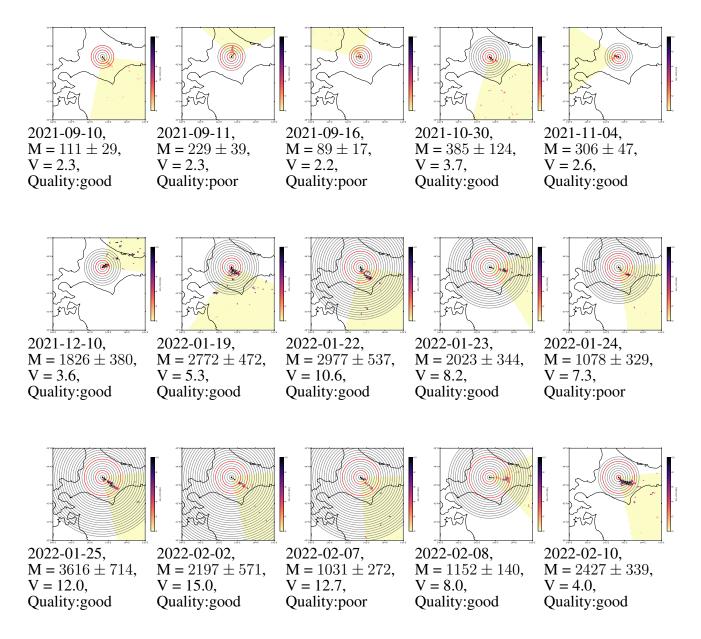


Figure S5: Results of satellite observations. Each caption shows Date of data, SO<sub>2</sub> flux [tons/day] of the day, wind velocity V [m/s], and data quality. Color scale represents Vertical Column Density of SO<sub>2</sub>. Circles are time windows. We integrated VCDs between two red circles. Black arrow represents the wind direction.

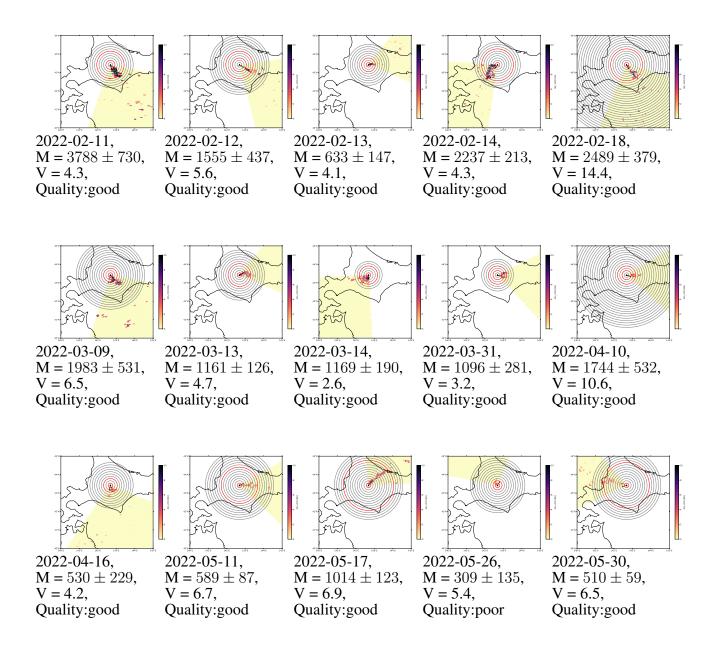


Figure S6: Results of satellite observations. Each caption shows Date of data, SO<sub>2</sub> flux [tons/day] of the day, wind velocity V [m/s], and data quality. Color scale represents Vertical Column Density of SO<sub>2</sub>. Circles are time windows. We integrated VCDs between two red circles. Black arrow represents the wind direction.

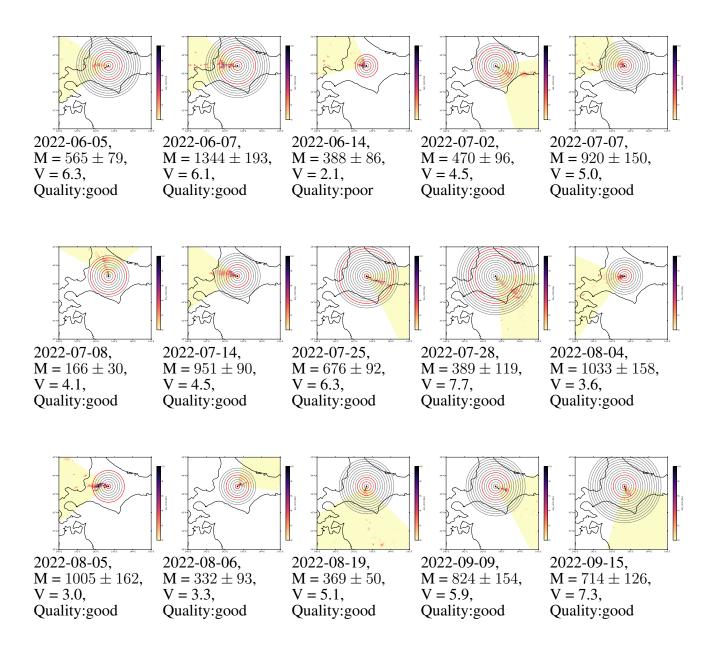


Figure S7: Results of satellite observations. Each caption shows Date of data, SO<sub>2</sub> flux [tons/day] of the day, wind velocity V [m/s], and data quality. Color scale represents Vertical Column Density of SO<sub>2</sub>. Circles are time windows. We integrated VCDs between two red circles. Black arrow represents the wind direction.

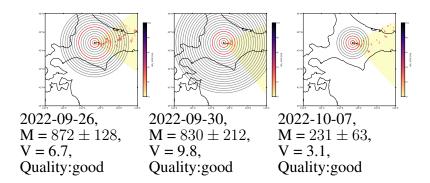


Figure S8: Results of satellite observations. Each caption shows Date of data,  $SO_2$  flux [tons/day] of the day, wind velocity V [m/s], and data quality. Color scale represents Vertical Column Density of  $SO_2$ . Circles are time windows. We integrated VCDs between two red circles. Black arrow represents the wind direction.

## 1.3 Analysed data of satellite observations in winter by new method

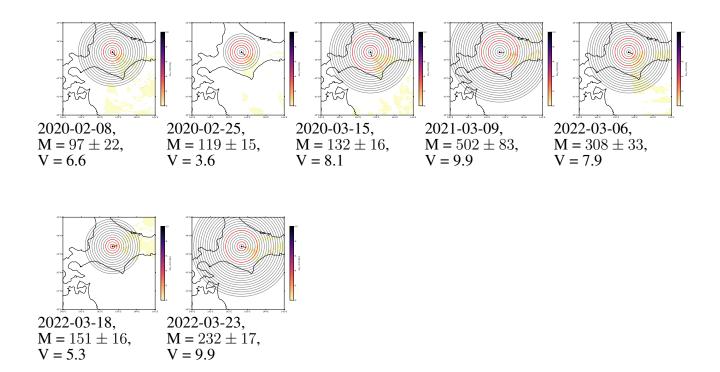


Figure S1: VCD maps masked pixels with cloud fraction less than 0.5 for the new method. Each caption shows Date of data, SO<sub>2</sub> flux [tons/day] of the day and wind velocity V [m/s]. Color scale represents Vertical Column Density of SO<sub>2</sub>. Circles are time windows. We integrated VCDs between two red circles. Black arrow represents the wind direction.