

## Methods S1: primers and qPCR methods

### primer sequences

primer name	primer sequence (5' to 3')
Attb1 - SLIM1	GGGGACAAGTTGTACAAAAAAGCAGGCTCATGGCGATCTGCTATGTCC
Attb2 – SLIM1	GGGGACCACTTGTACAAGAAAGCTGGTCCTAACGCTCCAACCATGAGAAATC
prom35S F	ACGCACAATCCCACTATCCTC
SLIM1 R1	CTAAGCTCCAAACCATGAGAAATC
SLIM1 R2	CTGAGGCAACTCACTCCCTG
SLIM1 qPCR F *	ATCCGTTGGAGAAAGGGACG
SLIM1 qPCR R *	GGCTTTAGGCAGACCGAGT
UBQ10 qPCR F	GGCCTTGATAATCCCTGATGAATAAG
UBQ10 qPCR R	AAAGAGATAACAGGAACGGAAACATAGT
Hyg qPCR F	GTGCTTCAGCTCGATGTAG
Hyg qPCR R	GAAGAACAGCGGGCAGTCGG
Hyg probe	GTGCTTGACATTGGGGAGTTCA
GI qPCR F	TTCTTCTGCGGGCACTGAT
GI qPCR R	TCGACCACTGCTAGTCCAGA
GI probe	GAGCTACTTGAAGGCCACGGCAAGAG

\* Primers annealing on the SLIM1 deleted 5 prime end CDS (F) and on the CDS next to the deletion 3 prime end. This set of primers was used in order to produce the Figure 1a.

### qRT-PCR reaction preparation

component	volume
cDNA sample (1:9)	0.5 µl
SYBR Green PCR Master Mix	2.5 µl
Primer mix (F + R) 1µM	2 µl

### PCR program for qRT-PCR

Initialization (95°C) was followed by denaturation cycles (95°C) and primer annealing (60°C).

RT-PCR cycle
50 °C 2'
95 °C 10'
95 °C 15''
X 40
60 °C 30''
95 °C 15''
60 °C 15'' -> 95 °C 15'' (Dissociation stage)

### TaqMan reaction preparation

component	volume
2x TaqMan Universal PCR Master Mix	5 µl
Hyg qPCR F (10µM)	0.5 µl
Hyg qPCR R (10µM)	0.5 µl

Hyg probe (2µM)	0.5 µl
GI qPCR F (10µM)	0.5 µl
GI qPCR R (10µM)	0.5 µl
GI probe (2µM)	0.5 µl
DNA sample (100 ng/µl)	0.5 µl
ddH <sub>2</sub> O	1.5 µl

**PCR program for TaqMan**

RT-PCR cycle
50 °C 2'
95 °C 2'
95 °C 15''
<b>X 40</b>
60 °C 30''
95 °C 15''
60 °C 30'' -> 95 °C 15'' ( <b>Dissociation stage</b> )