Supplementary Material

Progress on the biological characteristics and physiological activities of fucoxanthin produced by marine microalgae

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# Supplementary Figures and Tables

## Supplementary Tables

Table 2 Pharmacological activities of fucoxanthin

| Physiological and Pharmacological activity |  | Experimental Model | Reference |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Aanti-inflammatory activity | Skin inflammation | UVB-irradiated mice | ([Wang et al., 2018](#R6)) |
| Reconstructed human skin | ([Spagolla Napoleão Tavares et al., 2020](#R8)) |
| Ulcerative colitis | Sodium dextran sulfate-stimulated BALB/c mice | ([Yang et al., 2020](#R9)) |
| Contact hypersensitivity | Dinitrofluorobenzene-stimulated BALB/c mice | ([Sakai et al., 2011](#R10)) |
| Macrophage inflammation | LPS-stimulated RAW264.7 cells | ([Heo et al., 2010](#R61); [Kim et al., 2010](#R62))  |
|  | Palmitic acid-stimulated RAW264.7 cells | ([Li et al., 2020](#R63))  |
| Uveitis | LPS stimulated-Lewis rats | ([Shiratori et al., 2005](#R65)) |
| Allergic | Immunoglobulin E antigen complex-stimulated RBL-2H3 cells | ([Namkoong et al., 2012](#R66)) |
| Antioxidant activity |  | Reduces the rate of vitamin D2 oxidation | ([Li et al., 2000](#R68)) |
| H2O2-stimulated Vero cells | ([Heo et al., 2008](#R69)) |
| UV and visible light-induced mouse fibroblast cell 3T3, reconstructed human skin, HaCaT cells | ([Tavares et al., 2020](#R72)) |
| UVB-induced human fibroblast cells | ([Heo et al., 2009](#R73)) |
| Mouse liver BNL CL.2 cells | ([Liu et al., 2011](#R74)) |
| High-fat diet Sprague-Dawley rats | ([Ha et al., 2013](#R75)) |
| Retinol-deficient rats | ([Ravi Kumar et al., 2008](#R76)) |
| Reduction of potassium ferricyanide by fucoxanthin, scavenging ability of O2-  | ([Qin et al., 2013](#R77)) |
| Spontaneous oxidation of mouse liver homogenates and H2O2-Fe2+-induced oxidation | ([Wu et al., 2011](#R78)) |
| Antitumor activity | Gastric cancer | Gastric adenocarcinoma cells SGC-7901 and BGC-823 | ([Yu et al., 2018](#R79)) |
| Liver cancer | Hepatocellular carcinoma cell HepG2 | ([Liu et al., 2013](#R80); [Das et al., 2008](#R81)) |
| Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma  | Nasopharyngeal carcinoma cell C666-1 | ([Long et al., 2020](#R82)) |
| Cervical cancer | Epithelial cervical cancer HeLa, SiHa, CaSki | ([Hou et al., 2013](#R83); [Jin et al., 2018](#R84)) |
| Lung cancer | Lung cancer cells A549, H1299, MRC-5 | ([Moreau et al., 2006](#R85)) |
| Breast cancer | Cancer cell MDA-MB-231, nude mouse model  | ([Wang et al., 2019](#R86)) |
| Leukaemia | Human leukemia cell HL-60 | ([Kim et al., 2010](#R87)) |
| Antimetabolic disorder activity | Anti-obesity | Mouse embryonic fibroblasts 3T3-L1 | ([Koo et al., 2019](#R14)) |
| High-fat diet C57BL/6J mice | ([Gille et al., 2019](#R15)) |
| High-fat diet SD rats | ([Hu et al., 2012](#R16)) |
| Clinical double-blind trials | ([Hitoe et al., 2017](#R17)) |
| Clinical trials | ([Abidov et al., 2010](#R18)) |
| Anti-nonalcoholic steatohepatitis | High-fat diet-induced mouse | ([Takatani et al., 2020](#R20)) |
| Oleic and palmitic acids-stimulated human Zhang's hepatocytes  | ([Ye et al., 2022](#R21)) |
| High-fat diet C57BL/6 nude mice , human HepaRGTM cells, clinical trials | ([Shih et al., 2021](#R22)) |
| Antidiabetic | Streptozotocin nicotinamide-stimulated Sprague-Dawley rats | ([Sakai et al., 2011](#R10)) |
| High glucose or 4-HNE-stimulated human retinal pigment epithelial cells | ([Kong et al., 2019](#R11)) |
| KK-Ay mice | ([Maeda et al., 2007](#R13)) |
| High-fat diet mice | ([Maeda et al., 2009](#R98)) |
| KK-Ay mice | ([Hosokawa et al., 2010](#R99)) |
| 3T3-L1 adipocytes | ([Kang et al., 2011](#R90)) |
| KK-Ay mice | ([Nishikawa et al., 2012](#R101)) |
| Anti-Alzheimer | Computer simulation | ([Shih et al., 2021](#R22)) |
| Pharmacokinetic simulation, Aβ oligomers-induced mice  | ([Xiang et al., 2017](#R24)) |
| PLGA-PEG-Fx nanoparticles | ([Yang et al., 2021](#R25)) |
| Aβ oligomers-induced SH-SY5Y cells | ([Lin et al., 2017](#R26)) |
| D-gal-induced SH-SY5Y cells | ([Zhu et al., 2021](#R27)) |
| Aβ1-42 , H2O2-induced SH-SY5Y cells | ([Zhu et al., 2021](#R27)) |
| Other active | Antiviral | Raji cells | ([Tsushima et al., 1995](#R29)) |
| Antimicrobial | Disc-diffusion and micro-dilution methods | ([Karpiński et al., 2019](#R102)) |
| Disc-diffusion methods | ([Liu et al., 2019](#R103)) |
| \ | ([Peraman et al., 2019](#R104)) |
| Disc-diffusion methods, transmission electron microscope  | ([El Shafay et al., 2016](#R105)) |
| Anti-angiogenic | HUVEC | ([Ganesan et al., 2013](#R108)) |
| HUVEC, male Wistar rats | ([Sugawara et al., 2006](#R109)) |
| Osteoprotective | TNF-α-stimulated RAW264.7, MC3T3-E1 | ([Das et al., 2010](#R110)) |
| TNF-α or IL-6-stimulated RAW264. 7 | ([Ha et al., 2011](#R111)) |

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