Supplementary Material

Oligodendrocyte precursor cell-derived exosomes combined with cell therapy promote clinical recovery by immunomodulation and gliosis attenuation

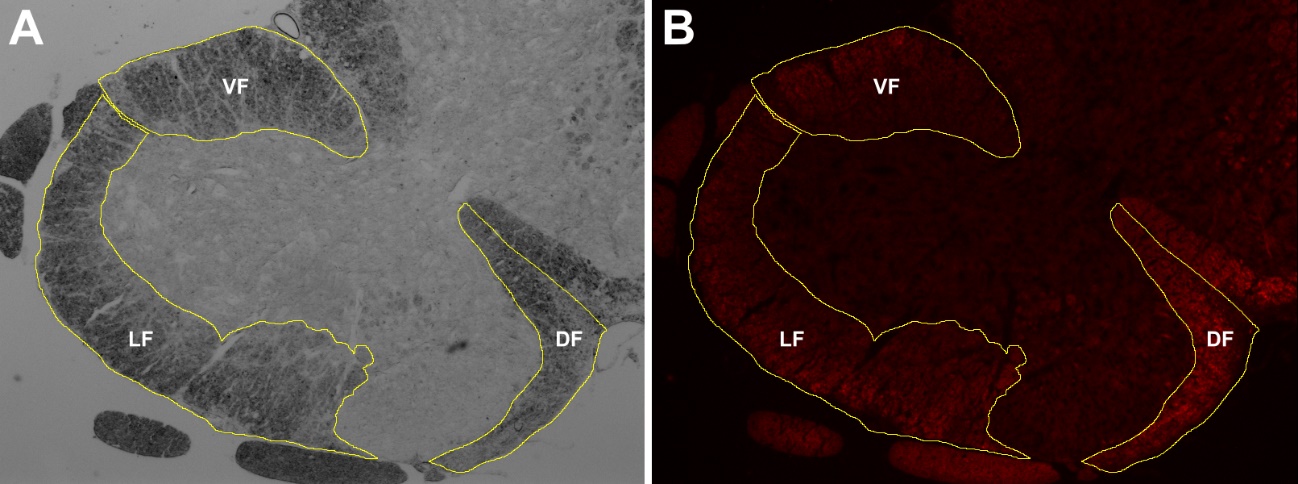
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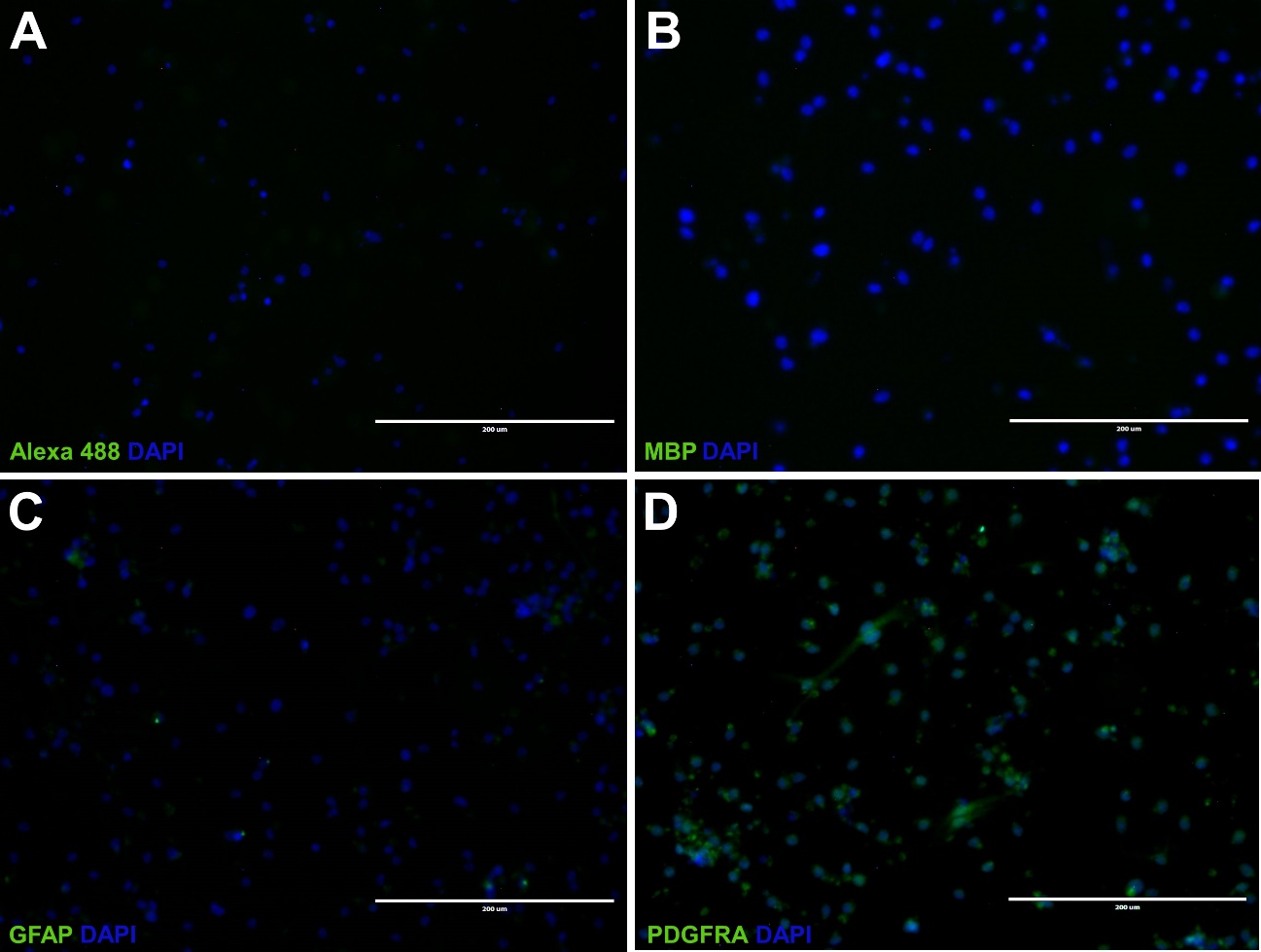
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**Supplementary figure 1.** Analysis of areas of demyelination in the spinal cord. The area of white matter is initially delineated in the light microscopy image (A) and transferred to the FluoroMyelin-labeled fluorescence image of the spinal cord (B) for subsequent quantification of the integrated pixel density per funiculus.

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**Supplementary figure 2.** Immunocytochemical of differentiated oligodendrocyte precursor cells revealing no labeling in the control cells for the secondary antibody **(A)** and the maturation marker MBP **(B)**. A few cells showed some GFAP labeling **(C)**, while practically the entire population was immunopositive for PDGFRA **(D)**.