

Supplementary Figures and Tables

Supplementary Table 1. Optimized synthetic gene encoding SDR oxidoreductase (A0A7C5VFX3).

Synthetic gene ketone-reductase (A0A7C5VFX3)

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ATGGACCCTAAATCGCTTGTAGGGAAGCATGCTTAGTGACGGGTGCTTCACGCCGTA  
TTGGGGCTGCCATTGCCAGGCCTGGCCCAAGCCGGCGCCCGTTAACGCTGGTAGC  
CCGTAACACTCAAGACCTGAGGAGCGTGTGGAGCGTTGCGTGCAGGACGGAAGT  
GCAAGGAGAGGTCGGAGACGTAGCTGACCCCTCAGGCGATGGAGAGCTTAGTACACCG  
CGCACAGGAACGTTTGGCCCCGTGGCTATTCTGGTGAATAATGCTGGCTCGTTAA  
CGGCTCCATTCTTGAAATCAACGAGGAATTGTGGCAGCGTATATCGAGGTTAAC  
GGGAGCAGCTATCGCTTGATTGCTTACCTTACCGGGCATGTTGGAAATGGGTTGG  
GGTCGTATTATTAACATTAGCTCCACGGCAGGGCTTACAGGCTATCCCTACGCTGTCC  
CATATTGCGCAGCAAAGCACGGCTGATCGGGCTTACACGTGCTTAGCATTAGAGTT  
GGCTCAGCGTGGGATCACGGTAAACCGCATTGTCCCAGGTTTACAGATACCGATTAA  
CTGCAGGCTTCCGTGTTGCGTGTGGCCAGCGTACTGCCGTGCGCCCCGAAGCAGTGC  
TGGAACTTTGCCCGCCGAATCCACAGGGCGTTAGTCGTCCAGAAGAAGTCGC  
ATGGGCTGTGGTCTGGTTGTGCAGCGAAAAAGCCGCAGCAATTACGGGCAGGCTAT  
CGCTGTGGCAGGGGGAGAAGTCATGGTGGGTTAA
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Supplementary Table 2. PCR primers for all Tcalid SDRmutants.

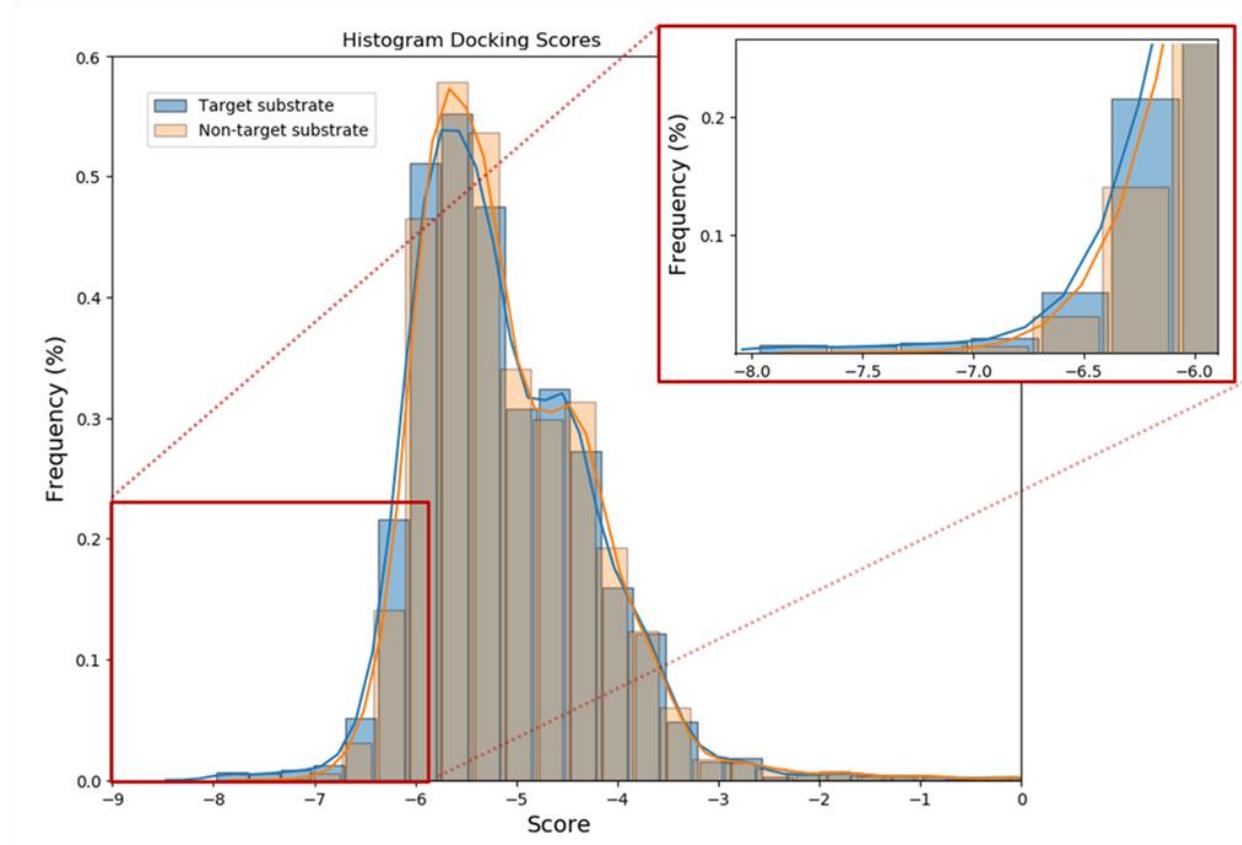
Mutant	Forward primer (5'-3')	Reverse primer (5'-3')
R40E	cGAAaaaacttcaagacaccttggggcggtgtg	tcttgaagttTTCggctaccaggcgtaaacg
V95F	atgctggcttcTTTtaacggctccatttc	AAgaagccagcattattcaccagaatagccac
V95G	gctggcttcGGCttaacggctccatttc	aGCCgaagccagcattattcaccagaatagc
V95I	atgctggcttcATTtaacggctccatttc	ATgaagccagcattattcaccagaatagccac
V95G	gctggcttcGGCttaacggctccatttc	aGCCgaagccagcattattcaccagaatagc
V95F	atgctggcttcTTTtaacggctccatttc	AAgaagccagcattattcaccagaatagccac
V95I	atgctggcttcATTtaacggctccatttc	ATgaagccagcattattcaccagaatagccac
N115A	cgagggttGCGtggagcagcttatecg	cccagCGCaacctcgatatgacgctgc
S143A	agcGCGacggcaggcattacagg	ctgccgtCGCgctaattttataatacgacc
Y156A	gtcccaGCGtgcgcagcaaagcacg	cgcaCGCtggcacagcgttagggatag
K160A	caGCCacggctgatcgggcttac	agaccgtCGCtgcgtgcataatgg
D192R	ccCGTttactgcaggctccgttgtc	tgcagtaaACGgttatctgtaaaaccggac
R200A	cgtttGCGgtggccagcgtac	gccacCGCcaacacggaagcctgc
R200K	cgtttgAAAGtggcccagcgtac	gccacTTTcaacacggaagcctgc
R200N	cgtttgAACgtggcccagcgtac	gccacGTTcaacacggaagcctgc
R204A	gGCGactccccgtgcggccgaag	acgggcagtCGCtggccacacgcaac
R204K	gAAAactccccgtgcggccgaag	acgggcagtTTTctggccacacgcaac
R204Q	gCAGactccccgtgcggccgaag	acgggcagtCTGctggccacacgcaac
A254D	gGATgggggagaagtcatgg	ttctccccATCcacagcgtatgcctg
A254N	cgctgtgAACgggggagaagtcatg	ccccGTTcacagcgtatgcctgc

Supplementary Table 3. X-ray diffraction data and structure refinement statistics. Data processing and refinement statistics for Tcalid SDR structures. The values in parentheses represent the high-resolution shell, whereas the values outside the parentheses represent the overall dataset.

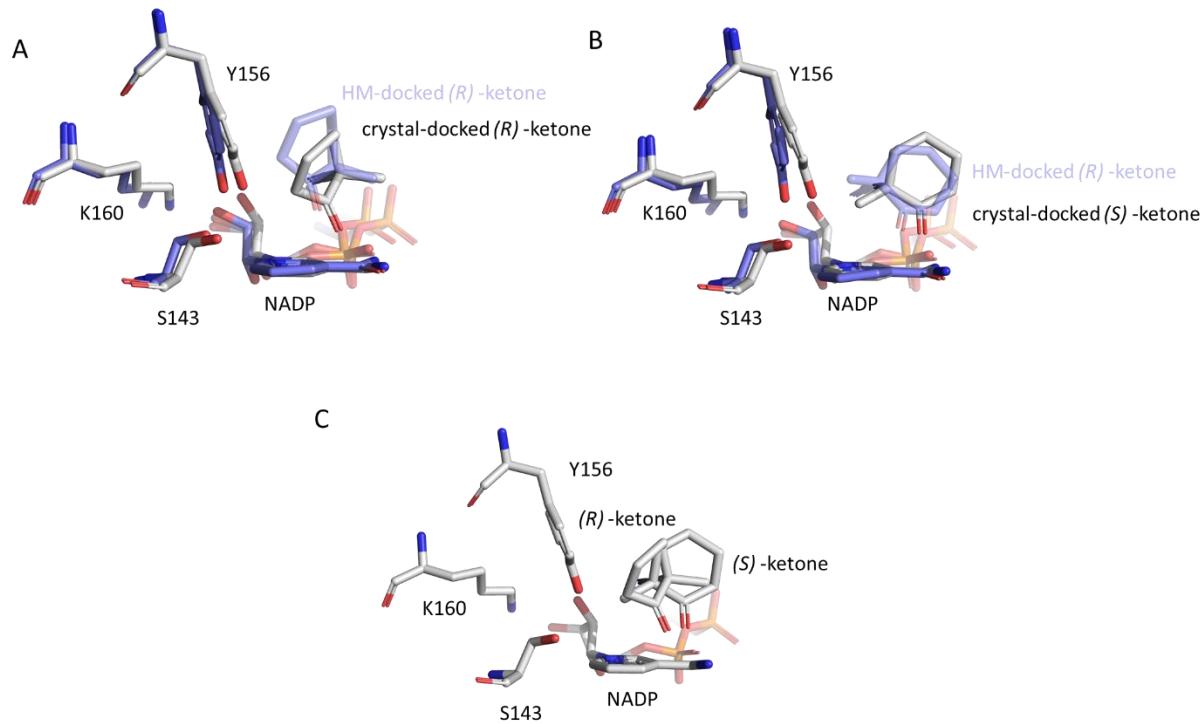
Parameters	Tcalid SDR Apoprotein	Tcalid SDR NADP bound
<u>Data Processing</u>		
Space Group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁
Cell Dimension		
a, b, c (Å)	56.7, 122.9, 163.4	56.6, 121.8, 162.9
α, β, γ (°)	90, 90, 90	90, 90, 90
Wavelength	1.00005	0.97625
Resolution (Å)	98.253-1.875 (2.162-1.875)	97.584-1.698 (1.869-1.698)
Observed Reflections	680772 (35764)	742647 (34962)
Unique Reflections	49723 (2486)	91711 (4586)
Completeness (spherical) (%)	52.6 (7.6)	73.4 (14.9)
Completeness (ellipsoidal) (%)	93.0 (71.8)	94.3 (65.3)
Redundancy	13.7 (14.4)	8.1 (7.6)
R _{merge} (I)	0.140 (1.489)	0.129 (1.250)
R _{pim} (I)	0.039 (0.405)	0.048 (0.483)
I/σ (I)	10.6 (1.9)	8.7 (1.6)
CC _{1/2}	0.998 (0.722)	0.997 (0.702)

<u>Refinement</u>		
Resolution (Å)	98.2-1.9	24.8-1.7
Rwork (%)	21.7	17.6
Rfree (%)	24.5	19.8
Bond length RMSD (Å)	0.008	0.009
Bond angle RMSD (°)	0.94	0.98
Mean/Wilson B (Å ²)	53/33	31/26
Ramachandran plot		
Favored (%)	96.53	97.69
Outliers (%)	0.19	0.00
Sidechain outliers (%)	0.63	0.38
Clashscore (all atoms)	1.31	2.37
MolProbit	1.08	1.09

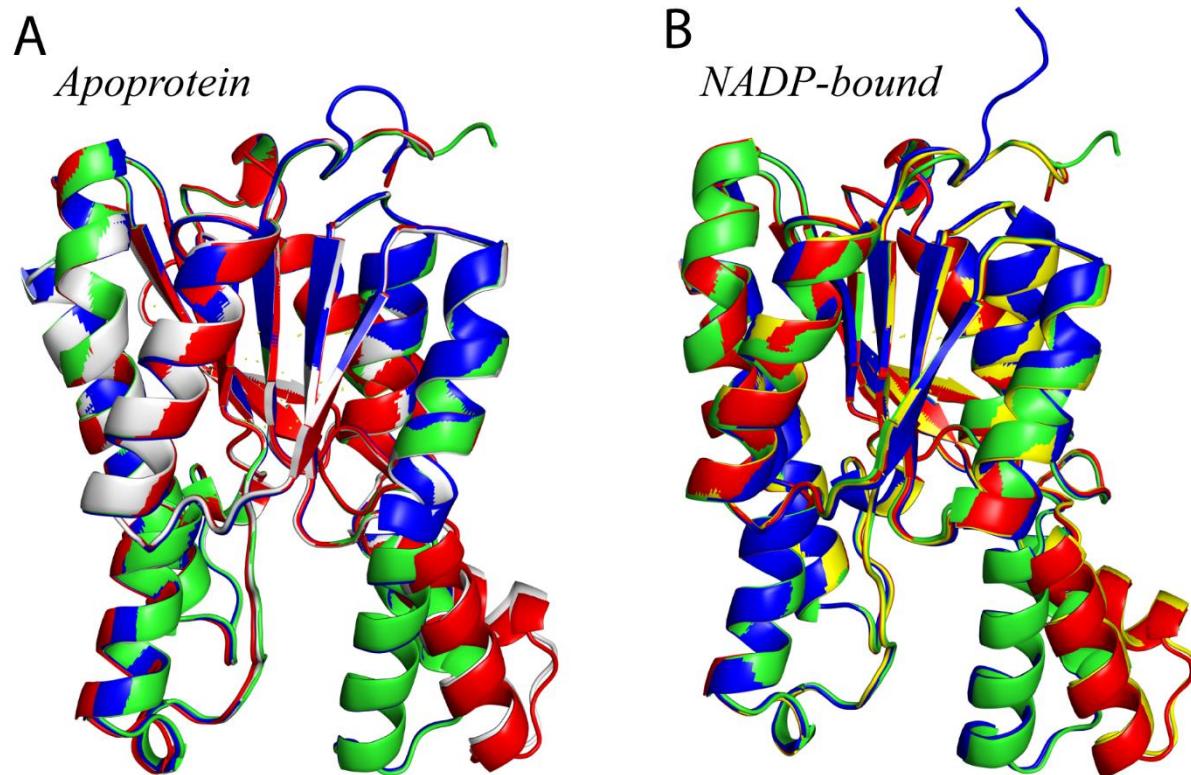
Supplementary Figure 1. Histogram representation of docking scores derived from substrates *S*-ketone (blue) and *R*-ketone (orange). The large overlapping between distributions made the selection of enzymes with full enantio-selectivity for the racemic mixture difficult. The zoom in the top-score section evidences a slightly better affinity for *S*-ketone than *R*-ketone. To circumvent this limitation in the enzyme selection, another filter was applied (*S*-ketone $< 3.5\text{\AA}$ while *R*-ketone > 3.5 , with a minimum difference of 0.5 Å, as previously explained), to preferentially select NACs with more stability for *S*-ketone than *R*-ketone. The selection conducted is conservative and prime conversion of *S*-ketone over *R*-ketone, but it's unlikely that none of the WT sequences will have only preference for *S*-ketone (100%).



Supplementary Figure 2. Comparison of the docking poses between a selected homology model (purple) and crystal structure (white) of Tcalid SDR. Docking poses of the (R)-ketone to both homology model and crystal is shown in panel A and the same is shown for the (S)-ketone is shown in panel B. An overlap of the poses docked into the crystal structure only are shown in panel C. Docking to the crystal structure did not provide additional discriminatory power regarding substrate preference.



Supplementary Figure 3. The variations within conformation of all chains in the Tcalid SDR structures. (A) Superposition of apoprotein Tcalid SDR chains. (B) Superposition of NADP-bound Tcalid SDR chains. The color scheme is as follows: chain A (white in panel 3A, yellow in panel 3B), chain B (red), chain C (green) and chain D (blue).



Supplementary Table 4. Average conversion (conv%) and enantioselectivity (ee%) \pm SEM (n=2) for Tcalid SDR within the target kinetic resolution reaction with NADH or NADPH cofactors at 30 minutes or 6 hours.

Reaction time		NADH	NADPH
30 min	conv%	31.3 ± 5.1	34.2 ± 9.3
	ee%	39.9 ± 11.3	50.6 ± 25.1
6 hr	conv%	49.8 ± 2.2	46.7 ± 5.0
	ee%	90.9 ± 12.9	71.4 ± 14.6

Supplementary Table 5. Average conversion (conv%) and enantioselectivity (ee%) \pm SEM (n=2) for Tcalid SDR at varying amounts of enzyme concentration (3.5, 5 and 6 μ M) within the target kinetic resolution reaction with NADH or NADPH cofactors.

Enzyme concentration (μM)		NADH	NADPH
3.5	conv%	21.4 \pm 2.4	30.6 \pm 1.7
	ee%	24.8 \pm 1.9	34.2 \pm 3.1
5	conv%	31.4 \pm 8.6	43.8 \pm 2.2
	ee%	41.7 \pm 12.9	69.0 \pm 7.1
6	conv%	48.2 \pm 1.2	45.8 \pm 4.0
	ee%	84.1 \pm 1.1	73.3 \pm 11.0

Supplementary Figure 4. Tcalid SDR mutations and their location within the solved crystal structure of Tcalid SDR (Chain C). Catalytic triad residues are shown in red, the hypothetical catalytic tetrad residue is shown in green, and the residue evaluated for thermostability is shown in blue.

