# Script to analize the Rugby Data library(ggplot2) library(dplyr) library(tidyr) library(lme4) 1) Read Data (Set the working directory properly)

Data <- read.csv("RawRugbyData.csv")

"RawRugbyData.csv" is a comma separated doccument with a header and 12240 rows of data. The header contains the columns names for each variable, and each row is an observation.

The variables are:

Observer: the initials of the observers

Performance: how many hits per trial (0 = 0; 25 = 1; 50 = 2; 75 = 3; 100 = 4)

Group1: for the player group, indicates their desagregated position in the field

Group2: for the palyer group, indicates their position in the field

Time: how long last the stimulus on the screen (Factor; levels = Short / Long)

Speed: how fast was the motion of the circles in the MOT task (Factor; levels = Slow / Medium / Fast)

Rep1: which number of repetition whithin each condition (From 1 to 20)

Rep2: which number of repetition across conditions (From 1 to 120)

PerfBin: performance coded binomialy: 3 or more hits = 1, else 0

Condic: a combination of Speed and Time (Factor; levels = 1 to 6)

2) Set factor order and rename variables

 $\begin{array}{lll} {\rm Data} Group &<& -factor(Data {\rm Group2,\ levels} = c(\text{``Control'',``Backs'',``Forwards''})) \ \ {\rm Data} Time &<& -factor(Data {\rm Time,\ levels} = c(\text{``Short'',``Long''})) \ \ {\rm Data} Speed &<& -factor(Data {\rm Speed,\ levels} = c(\text{``Slow'',``Medium'',``Fast''})) \ \ {\rm Data} Binary Perf < -Data {\rm PerfBin\ Data} Condition < -Data {\rm Condiction} < -$ 

### 3) Summarize

 $SumData <- Data \%>\% \ group\_by(Observer, Group, Time, Speed, Condition) \%>\% \ summarise(ProbPerf = sum(BinaryPerf)/n())$ 

# 4) Draw the boxplot (Desciptive Statistics)

 $BoxPlot <- \operatorname{ggplot}(\operatorname{data} = \operatorname{as.data.frame}(\operatorname{SumData}), \operatorname{aes}(\operatorname{Group}, \operatorname{ProbPerf}, \operatorname{color} = \operatorname{Group})) + \operatorname{geom\_boxplot}() \\ + \operatorname{theme\_bw}() + \operatorname{ylab}(\operatorname{"Performance"}) + \operatorname{facet\_grid}(\operatorname{Speed} \sim \operatorname{Time}) + \operatorname{stat\_summary}(\operatorname{fun.y=mean}, \operatorname{colour="black"}, \operatorname{geom="point"}, \operatorname{shape} = 3, \operatorname{size} = 3) + \operatorname{geom\_text}(\operatorname{aes}(x = 3.5, y = 0.1, \operatorname{label} = \operatorname{Condition}), \operatorname{color} = \operatorname{"black"}, \operatorname{size} = 4) + \operatorname{theme}(\operatorname{legend.position} = \operatorname{"none"}, \operatorname{text} = \operatorname{element\_text}(\operatorname{size} = 12), \operatorname{axis.title.x=element\_blank}(), \operatorname{axis.text.x} = \operatorname{element\_text}(\operatorname{size} = 12), \operatorname{axis.text.y} = \operatorname{element\_text}(\operatorname{size} = 12)) \\ + \operatorname{scale\_colour\_manual}(\operatorname{values} = \operatorname{c}(\operatorname{"grey70"}, \operatorname{"black"}, \operatorname{"grey70"}))$ 

### 5) Fit the model

FullModel <- glmer(BinaryPerf  $\sim$  (Speed + Time) \* Group + Rep2 + (1|Observer), data = Data, family = binomial, control = glmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa"))

### 6) Predictions

Predictions <- predict(FullModel, type = "response") Results <- Data %>% mutate(Preds = Predictions)

# 7) Results summary

 $ResumeOut <- Results \%>\% \ group\_by(Group, Condition) \%>\% \ summarise(ProbGood = mean(Preds), ProbPerf = sum(BinaryPerf)/n()) \%>\% \ gather(key = Probs, value = Prob1, ProbGood, ProbPerf) \%>\% \ data.frame()$ 

# 8) Draw result chart

$$\label{eq:prob_sol} \begin{split} & \operatorname{PredictionsPlot} < -\operatorname{ggplot}(\operatorname{data} = \operatorname{ResumeOut}, \operatorname{aes}(\operatorname{Group}, \operatorname{Prob1}, \operatorname{color} = \operatorname{Probs})) + \operatorname{geom\_point}() + \operatorname{theme\_bw}() + \operatorname{ylab}(\operatorname{"Performance"}) + \operatorname{facet\_wrap}(\sim \operatorname{Condition}, 1, 6) + \operatorname{theme}(\operatorname{legend.position} = \operatorname{"none"}, \operatorname{text} = \operatorname{element\_text}(\operatorname{size} = 12), \operatorname{axis.title.x} = \operatorname{element\_blank}(), \operatorname{axis.text.x} = \operatorname{element\_text}(\operatorname{size} = 12, \operatorname{angle} = 45, \operatorname{vjust} = 0.5), \operatorname{axis.text.y} = \operatorname{element\_text}(\operatorname{size} = 12)) + \operatorname{scale\_colour\_manual}(\operatorname{values} = \operatorname{c}(\operatorname{"grey70"}, \operatorname{"black"})) + \operatorname{ylim}(\operatorname{c}(0.25,1)) \end{split}$$

### Caterpillar figures

# 1) extract random effects

 $\label{eq:randomsEf} RandomsEf <- \ ranef(FullModel, \ condVar=TRUE) \ Randoms.DF <- \ data.frame(Observer = \ row-names(RandomsEf[[1]]), \ int=unname(RandomsEf[[1]]), \ se=sqrt(c(attr(RandomsEf[[1]],"postVar"))), \ row.names = NULL)$ 

# 2) include group factors

 $\label{lem:convex} GroupedData <- Data \%>\% \ group\_by(Observer,\ Group) \%>\% \ summarise(ProbPerf = sum(BinaryPerf)/n()) \%>\% \ select(Observer,\ Group) \ Randoms.DF <- \ Randoms.DF \%>\% \ left\_join(GroupedData) \%>\% \ arrange(int)$ 

### 3) Plot the caterpillar

# a) All toghether

 $ggplot(Randoms.DF, aes(reorder(Observer, int), int, ymin=int-1.96se, \textit{ymax}=int+1.96se)) + geom\_pointrange(aes(colour=Group)) + coord\_flip() + xlab("Observers")$ 

# b) faceted by Group

ggplot(Randoms.DF, aes(reorder(Observer, int), int, ymin=int-1.96se, ymax=int+1.96se)) + geom\_pointrange(aes(colour=Group)) + coord\_flip() + facet\_grid(Group ~ .) + xlab("Observers")

# Save the graphs in a suitable format

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ggsave("RugbyBoxPlot.tiff", plot = BoxPlot, width = 15, height = 10, units = "cm") ggsave("RugbyPredsPlot.tiff", plot = PredictionsPlot, width = 15, height = 10, units = "cm")
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