



represent the canonical SAM-binding motifs, within which residues directly interacting with SAM are bolded and residues interacting with the alkaloid substrate are underlined. Residues shaded in *purple* contribute to a “closed” conformation upon SAM binding. Residues shaded in *red* form sulfur-aromatic, aromatic-aromatic or hydrophobic interactions the alkaloid substrate’s rings. Residues shaded in *yellow* form hydrogen bonds with the alkaloid substrate’s hydroxyl groups, and those interacting with the target hydroxyl group are underlined. Residues shaded in *green* are the “gatekeeper” residues proposed by Cabry et al (2019). The residue forming a hydrogen bond with the alkaloid substrate’s nitrogen atom is shaded in *cyan*. “X” indicates residues subjected to mutational analysis. Percentage identities are provided in Supplementary Figure 1.

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