

Table S1. DNMTs from *F. graminearum* share identity with RID2 and DIM-2 from *Neurospora tetrasperma*. Protein sequences were obtained from Uniprot (<https://www.uniprot.org/>) under accession numbers Q8NJV8 (*NtRID*), G4UYB9 (*NtDIM-2*), I1RWH8 (FGSG_08648) and I1S1Y7 (FGSG_10766). The sequences were subjected to reciprocal protein-protein BLASTp searches on NCBI (<https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi>).

<i>F. graminearum</i> Strain	<i>Nt</i> RID (Q8NJV8) Identity (e-value)	<i>Nt</i> DIM-2 (G4UYB9) Identity (e-value)
FGSG_08648 (I1RWH8)	35.7% (2e-95)	23.6% (2e-7)
FGSG_10766 (I1S1Y7)	26% (8e-13)	48.3% (0.0)

Table S2. Whole genome bisulfite sequencing statistics for WT and $\Delta FgDim-2/\Delta FgRid$ strains sequenced using Illumina HiSeq X PE150. Sequencing reads were deposited under accession # PRJNA587083 and mapped to the reference genome (Accession # SPRZ00000000) using CLC-Genomics Workbench.

Sample	Sequencing Statistics	WT					$\Delta FgDim-2/\Delta FgRid$					
		PN		NPN			PN			NPN		
		BR 1	BR 2	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3
Genome size	36,766,638											
%C+G	47.91											
Gene numbers	14190											
Method	PE ^b											
Conversion rate(%) ^a	99.5											
Total reads (Mbp)		68,974,006	65,251,418	66,751,428	62,125,272	59,077,414	60,359,444	66,775,820	47,251,660	70,047,640	70,366,392	70,048,580
Number of mapped reads (Mbp)		61,192,341	58,245,915	58,451,778	55,195,708	52,689,907	54,702,044	59,086,782	41,952,959	62,363,043	62,072,370	62,541,206
Read Length (bp) ^c		128.76	129.2	128.85	127.77	127.37	128.84	128.83	128.77	128.75	128.74	128.68
Mapping efficiency (%)		88.72	89.26	87.57	88.85	89.19	90.8	88.63	88.93	89.22	88.37	89.51
Coverage (%)		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Mean sequencing depth per strand		212.05	202.87	201.42	187.21	177.66	189.85	203.7	144.65	213.41	212.74	214.51

BR: Biological replicates; PN: Preferred Nutrient conditions, and NPN: Non-Preferred nutrient conditions

^a Conversion Rate: the conversion rate of BS-seq for *F. graminearum* is calculated from an un-methylated lambda DNA added to the BS-seq library

^b PE: Paired End Reads

^c Post Trimming

Table S3: DNA methylation is present under all three cytosine contexts, CpG, CHG and CHH in WT and $\Delta FgDim-2/\Delta FgRid$ strains, under both 24 hrs PN and 6 hrs NPN environmental conditions. Methylation level remained consistent between strains and environmental conditions. Methylation level is defined as the proportion of methylation at any given site in a population.

Cytosine Context	WT					$\Delta FgDim-2/\Delta FgRid$					
	PN		NPN			PN			NPN		
	BR 1	BR 2	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3
CpG(%)	4.45	4.72	4.97	5.11	5.29	4.88	4.64	6.00	4.62	4.77	4.50
CHG(%)	4.45	4.71	4.94	5.14	5.38	4.89	4.65	6.00	4.63	7.72	4.53
CHH(%)	4.68	4.90	5.10	5.52	5.80	5.20	4.73	6.03	4.95	4.97	4.86

BR: Biological replicates; PN: Preferred nutrient conditions; NPN: non-preferred nutrient conditions.

Table S4. DNA methylation exists in WT and $\Delta FgDim-2/\Delta FgRid$ strains with minor differences between strains at the genome wide level. DNA methylation density was defined as the number of methylated cytosine as a percentage of the total cytosine. DNA methylation was predominantly identified in the asymmetrical CHH context in both strains.

Cytosine Context	WT					$\Delta FgDim-2/\Delta FgRid$					
	PN		NPN			PN			NPN		
	BR 1	BR 2	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3
CpG	0.41	0.44	0.6	0.35	0.36	0.72	0.37	0.42	0.29	0.43	0.4
CHG	0.37	0.39	0.52	0.32	0.32	0.6	0.33	0.36	0.27	0.38	0.37
CHH	1.3	1.39	1.71	1.07	1.09	1.94	1.16	1.21	0.95	1.33	1.26
Average	2.15		2.11			2.37			1.89		

BR: Biological replicates; PN: Preferred Nutrient conditions, and NPN: Non-Preferred nutrient conditions. Values represent methylation density (#5mC/#GenomicC*100).

Table S5. Primers Used in This Study

Primer Name	Sequence (5'-3')		
P1 - DIM2	gggtttaauggcagcctatcctcatgaagtga	KO	
P2 - DIM2	ggacttaauggcctatgtaataatgaatgcacc		
P3 - DIM2	ggcattaauugtcggaacagtgctcgcgc		
P4 - DIM2	ggcttaauacccaacatcgtttc		
P1 - RID	gggtttaauggtgattagtgtgttgaggaac		
P2 - RID	ggacttaauccaaggtaggtagcaacgaatg		
P3 - RID	ggcattaautgattgaggcgcggagtatc		
P4 - RID	ggcttaauaggaaatgaaggagccctg		
P5 - DIM2	ggacttaaucgagaacattctgtgttgg		
P6 - DIM2	gggtttaauctactcatttgaacgctg		
P5 - RID	ggacttaauugtgaacatggattctgatc		
P6 - RID	gggtttaauttaggtcaattcgatc		
DIM2 Int. F	gtggtcgatctgagccttgc		Confirm
DIM2 Int. R	gttccgccattggatcac		
RID Int. F	caagacgaagcaaagctca		
RID Int. R	atgtacggatgcatgagtgt		
HYG F	agctgcgccgatggtttctacaa		
HYG R	gcgctgctgctccatacaa		
Gen F	tcatcaatcccagccttttc		
Gen R	cagtcgatgaatccagaaaagc		
TRI6 ORF F	atgattacatggaggcgc		
TRI6 ORF R	acacttatgatccgcctatagtg		
gpdA F	gaagtggaaaggctggtgtg		
gpdA R	ataagggatgggaaggatgg		
FGSG_09530 F (<i>β tubulin</i>)	gttgatctccaagatccgtg	qPCR	
FGSG_09530 R (<i>β tubulin</i>)	catgcaaatgctgtagaggg		
FGSG_16627 F (<i>GAPDH</i>)	tgacttgactgttcgcctcgagaa		
FGSG_16627 R (<i>GAPDH</i>)	atggaggagttggtgttgcggtta		
DIM2 qPCR F	ggaggtggtatcgcgatcgcg		
DIM2 qPCR R	tcgatcgagcccaagaatgg		
RID qPCR F	actcgtcttctcaccgga		
RID qPCR R	aaacactgtggctcaaacgc		
FGSG_02322 qPCR F	aagtgatgtgcctacgggtg		
FGSG_02322 qPCR R	tcgcaacatcaatcccgtca		
FGSG_09595 qPCR F	ttacaccattcccctcgtgc		
FGSG_09595 qPCR R	gtgtcgggtttgagggtgat		
Primers used in BSseq Analysis			BSseqAnalysis
Loci_Contig1_9033981-9034488 R	gtatttataaatagatttaaagttataaagt		
Loci_Contig1_9033981-9034488 F	aacatactacactttcctaa		
Loci_Contig6_127178-127396 F	gttaatggttttgggaatggtat		
Loci_Contig6_127178-127396 R	ataaaaacctattaaaaataataaaaatt		
M13F	tgtaaacgacggccagt		
M13R	caggaaacagctatgacc		