Exploring Innovations of Human Milk Use in the NICU

Objective: To obtain a better understanding regarding human milk preparation, fortification, and analysis in the NICU.

IRB #: IRB20-00413 Date Approved: 9/4/2020

Expiration Date: 8/18/2021 11:59 PM

You are being asked to participate in a research study to learn about Human Milk Use in the NICU. Participating in this study is voluntary. Your involvement will include completing a short questionnaire, which will take about 15 minutes. It will include questions about human milk use, feeding practices, and the use of human milk analysis. If you have already participated, let us know, as you cannot participate more than once.

This is a research study and participation is completely voluntary. Some of the questions you will be asked may make you feel uncomfortable. You have the right to skip any questions that you do not wish to answer or to stop your participation at any time.

Although this survey is anonymous, a rare risk of breach of confidentiality exists. Results will not be reported in any way that it would be possible to identify a participant.

There is no direct benefit to you for participating in the study; however, you will help researchers learn more about Human Milk Use in the NICU.

You will not be paid for your participation in this study.

A decision to not participate in this study will not affect your medical care or result in any loss of benefits to which you are otherwise entitled. If you are an employee or student, your decision to participate or not will not impact your employment or student standing.

If you have questions about any part of the study now or in the future or if you wish to communicate concerns or a complaint, you should contact Dr. Stacey Ramey who may be reached at 216-778-5600. If you have any questions about your rights as a research participant, or if you wish to express any concerns or complaints please contact the MetroHealth Medical Center's Institutional Review Board (which is a group of people who review the research to protect your rights) at 216-778-2021.

By completing this questionnaire, you are agreeing to participate in the study. If you do not wish to participate in the study, then simply do not complete the questionnaire. When you are done please click submit at the end of the survey so your responses may be saved.

Demographics	
What type of NICU are you currently located in?	○ Level 1○ Level 2○ Level 3○ Level 4
What is your approximate average daily census in the past year?	
In what type of hospital is your NICU located?	Children's hospitalDelivery hospitalOther
If other, please specify:	
In order to ensure that we do not receive multiple responses per NICU, what is the name of your hospital?	



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In order to identify geographic diversity, in which city is your NICU located?	
What state is your NICU located in?	Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Wasconsin Wyoming
What is your role in the NICU?	 Attending Dietitian Fellow Lactation consultant Nurse Nurse practitioner Resident Other

If other, please specify:	

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Feeding Guideline	
Do you use a standardized feeding guideline?	Yes No
If YES, for which patients?	○ All infants○ All premature infants (< 37 weeks)○ All LBW infants (< 2500 grams)○ All VLBW infants (< 1500 grams)○ Other
If other, please specify:	

Source of Human Milk		
Definitions:		
Human milk: (HM) encompasses both expressed and donor breast milk.		
Expressed breast milk: (EBM) human milk from infant's biological	al parent.	
Donor breast milk: (DBM) human milk from a donor milk bank that has been processed (e.g. Holder pasteurization, agitation retort processing) and procured for hospital use.		
Informal milk sharing: human milk provided to a patient that is a donor milk bank	not from the patient's own biological parent or from a	
What percentage of VLBW infants receive expressed breast milk as the initial feeding?	 Few (< 20%) Some (20-40%) About Half (41-60%) Most (61-80%) All (> 80%) Don't know 	
What percentage of VLBW infants have some expressed breast milk still available at discharge?	 ○ Few (< 20%) ○ Some (20-40%) ○ About Half (41-60%) ○ Most (61-80%) ○ All (> 80%) ○ Don't know 	
Do you offer donor breast milk?	○ Yes ○ No	
What is your primary source of donor breast milk?	 ○ In-hospital milk bank ○ HMBANA Milk Bank ○ Medolac ○ Ni-Q ○ Prolacta ○ Other ○ Don't know 	
If other, please specify:		
Which group(s) of patients receive donor breast milk standardly in your unit? Select all that apply.	☐ Term infants ☐ Preterm infants (born < 37 weeks) ☐ LBW infants (born < 2500 grams) ☐ VLBW infants (born < 1500 grams) ☐ Other	
If other, please specify:		
Is your NICU planning on using donor breast milk in the future?	○ Yes○ No○ Don't know	
Do you use donor breast milk macronutrient and caloric density information provided by the supplier to individualize fortification?	YesNoDon't know	



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Do you allow informal milk sharing in your unit?	○ Yes○ No○ Don't know
Do you have a policy for informal milk sharing in your unit?	YesNoDon't know
If you allow informal milk sharing in your unit, please describe infants for which it is allowed:	

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Feeding Preparation	
Where is your human milk stored?	 Centralized feeding preparation room (human milk ONLY) Centralized feeding preparation room (human milk & formula) NICU Pharmacy Other Don't know
If other, please specify:	
Where is your human milk usually prepared and fortified?	 Centralized feeding preparation room (human milk ONLY) Centralized feeding preparation room (human milk & formula) In the NICU, at the bedside In the NICU, at a dedicated milk preparation space not at the bedside Pharmacy Other Don't know
If other, please specify:	
Who usually prepares your plain human milk feedings?	 Bedside nurse Diet technician Milk lab technician Pharmacy technician Other Don't Know
If other, please specify:	
Who usually fortifies your human milk feedings?	 ○ Bedside nurse ○ Diet technician ○ Milk lab technician ○ Pharmacy ○ Other ○ Don't know
If other, please specify:	



What type of human milk fortifier is primarily being used?	 Enfamil Human Milk Fortifier Powder Enfamil Human Milk Fortifier Acidified Liquid Enfamil Human Milk Fortifier Liquid High Protein Enfamil Human Milk Fortifier Liquid Standard Protein Similac Human Milk Fortifier Powder Similac Human Milk Fortifier Concentrated Liquid Similac Human Milk Fortifier Hydrolyzed Protein Concentrated Liquid Prolacta +4 H2MF Prolacta +6 H2MF Prolacta +8 H2MF Prolacta +10 H2MF Other Don't know
If other, please specify:	
	
What type(s) of macronutrient modular are being used in your unit? (select all that apply)	☐ Enfamil DHA & ARA Supplement ☐ Liquid Protein Fortifier (Abbott) ☐ MCT Oil (Nestle) ☐ MicroLipid (Nestle) ☐ Nutricia Duocal (Nutricia) ☐ Nutricia Polycal Powder (Nutricia) ☐ Prolact CR ® Human Milk Caloric Fortifier (Prolacta) ☐ Other ☐ Don't Know
If other, please specify:	
Do you use BUN for individualized macronutrient fortification of human milk?	YesNoDon't know

Human Milk Analysis	
Does your institution own any of the following pieces of equipment? (select all that apply)	 □ Creamatocrit □ Osmometer □ Lactoscan - (Ultrasound) □ Milk Analyzer Milkoscope Julie - (Ultrasound) □ Calais Human Milk Analyzer - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ Delta Lactoscope - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ MilkoScan - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ Miris Human Milk Analyzer - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ Near -IR reflectance analysis (NIRA) - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ Unity Scientific Spectrastar - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ Other □ No □ Don't know
If other, please specify:	
Does your institution plan on purchasing any of the following pieces of equipment? (select all that apply)	 □ Creamatocrit □ Osmometer □ Lactoscan - (Ultrasound) □ Milk Analyzer Milkoscope Julie - (Ultrasound) □ Calais Human Milk Analyzer - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ Delta Lactoscope - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ MilkoScan - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ Miris Human Milk Analyzer - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ Near -IR reflectance analysis (NIRA) - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ Unity Scientific Spectrastar - (Near and Mid-Infrared Spectroscopy) □ Other □ No □ Don't know
If other, please specify:	
Is your unit currently performing human milk analysis?	○ Yes○ No○ Don't know
How is human milk analysis being used?	ClinicalResearchClinical and Research

Who is trained to perform human milk analysis? (select all that apply)	☐ Dietitian ☐ Diet technician ☐ Lactation consultant ☐ Milk lab technician ☐ Nurse ☐ Nurse practitioner/Physician assistant ☐ Pharmacist ☐ Pharmacy technician ☐ Physician ☐ Other ☐ Don't know
If other, please specify:	
	
Who is primarily responsible for quality assurance of human milk analysis?	 Dietitian Diet technician Lactation consultant Milk lab technician Nurse Nurse practitioner/Physician assistant Pharmacist Pharmacy technician Physician Other Don't know
If other, please specify:	

If human milk analysis is being used for 'Research':	
Do you plan on performing human milk analysis for clinical use in the near future?	



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If human milk analysis is being used for 'Clinical' or 'Clinical and Research' use:

Definitions:

Standardized fortification: the practice of adding a fixed amount of human milk fortifier per 100 mL of HM to achieve recommended nutrient intakes.

Individualized fortification: encompasses both targeted and adjustable fortification methods.

Targeted fortification: the practice of utilizing HM macronutrient analysis to fortify HM to meet energy and specific macronutrient requirements based on the analyzed sample.

Adjustable fortification: the practice of adjusting protein fortification of human milk feeds, using blood urea nitrogen levels as an indirect method of assessing protein adequacy.

Do you have a guideline for which patients you are performing human milk analysis?	YesNoDon't know
For which patient populations are you performing human milk analysis? (select all that apply)	 ☐ Term infants ☐ Preterm infants (born < 37 weeks) ☐ LBW infants (born < 2500 grams) ☐ VLBW infants (born < 1500 grams) ☐ Medically or surgically complex infants ☐ Other
If other, please specify:	
Please describe how you are using the results of human milk analysis for these patient populations.	
For an individual patient, about how frequently are you performing human milk analysis?	 As determined clinically necessary More than once per week Once per week Every other week Once per month Other Don't know
If other, please specify:	
How do you usually obtain a sample for analysis?	 Representative sample from a 24 hour collection From single pumping session Other Don't know
If other, please specify:	
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Please describe the typical procedure(s) for how human milk samples are usually obtained for analysis.	



Are you routinely providing standard or individualized fortification?	○ Standard○ Individualized- Targeted○ Individualized- Adjustable○ Other○ Don't know
If other, please specify:	
Which patients are receiving individualized fortification? (select all that apply)	 ☐ Term infants ☐ Preterm infants (born < 37 weeks) ☐ LBW infants (born < 2500 grams) ☐ VLBW infants (born < 1500 grams) ☐ Medically or surgically complex infants ☐ Other
If other, please specify:	