|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Haplotypes | Far\* | Vil | Humans | BreM | FatM | TeeM | Macaques |
| Hap1 | 2  | 0  | 2 (40.0)\*\* | 3 | 1  | 2 | 6 (26.1) |
| Hap2 | 1 | 0 | 1 (20.0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hap3 | 0 | 1 | 1 (20.0) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hap4 | 1 | 0 | 1 (20.0) | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 (8.7) |
| Hap5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 12 (52.2) |
| Hap6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 (8.7) |
| Hap7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 (4.3) |
| Total | 4  | 1  | 5 | 5  | 6 | 12 | 23 |

Table S2: Haplotypes generated from the *Cyclospora cayetanensis* positive samples of humans and macaques

\*Abbreviations meaning: Far = Facility workers; Vil = Villagers; BreM = Breeding Macaques; FatM = Fattening Macaques; TeeM = Teenage Macaques; AduM = Adult Male Macaques.

**\*\*** Number of positive specimens (%)