

Supplementary Information

A DFT study of the hydrogen bonded structures of pyruvic acid-water complexes

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Figure S 1. (A) Variation of the electron density (ρ_{BCP} in a. u., rectangle symbol) and its Laplacian, ($\nabla^2\rho_{BCP}$ in a. u., triangle symbol) of the hydrogen bonds formed in the PA-(H₂O)₂ versus their H···O lengths, $d_{H\cdots O}$ in Å. (B) The Hamiltonian kinetic energy (H_{BCP} in a. u., circle symbol), the kinetic energy density (G_{BCP} in a. u., rectangle symbol), and the potential energy density (V_{BCP} in a. u., triangle symbol) at bond critical points in the PA-(H₂O)₂ as function of the hydrogen bond lengths, $d_{H\cdots O}$ in Å.

Figure S 2. (A) Variation of the electron density (ρ_{BCP} in a. u., rectangle symbol) and its Laplacian, ($\nabla^2\rho_{BCP}$ in a. u., triangle symbol) of the hydrogen bonds formed in the PA-(H₂O)₃ versus their H···O lengths, $d_{H\cdots O}$ in Å. (B) The Hamiltonian kinetic energy (H_{BCP} in a. u., circle symbol), the kinetic energy density (G_{BCP} in a. u., rectangle symbol), and the potential energy density (V_{BCP} in a. u., triangle symbol) at bond critical points in the PA-(H₂O)₃ as function of the hydrogen bond lengths, $d_{H\cdots O}$ in Å.

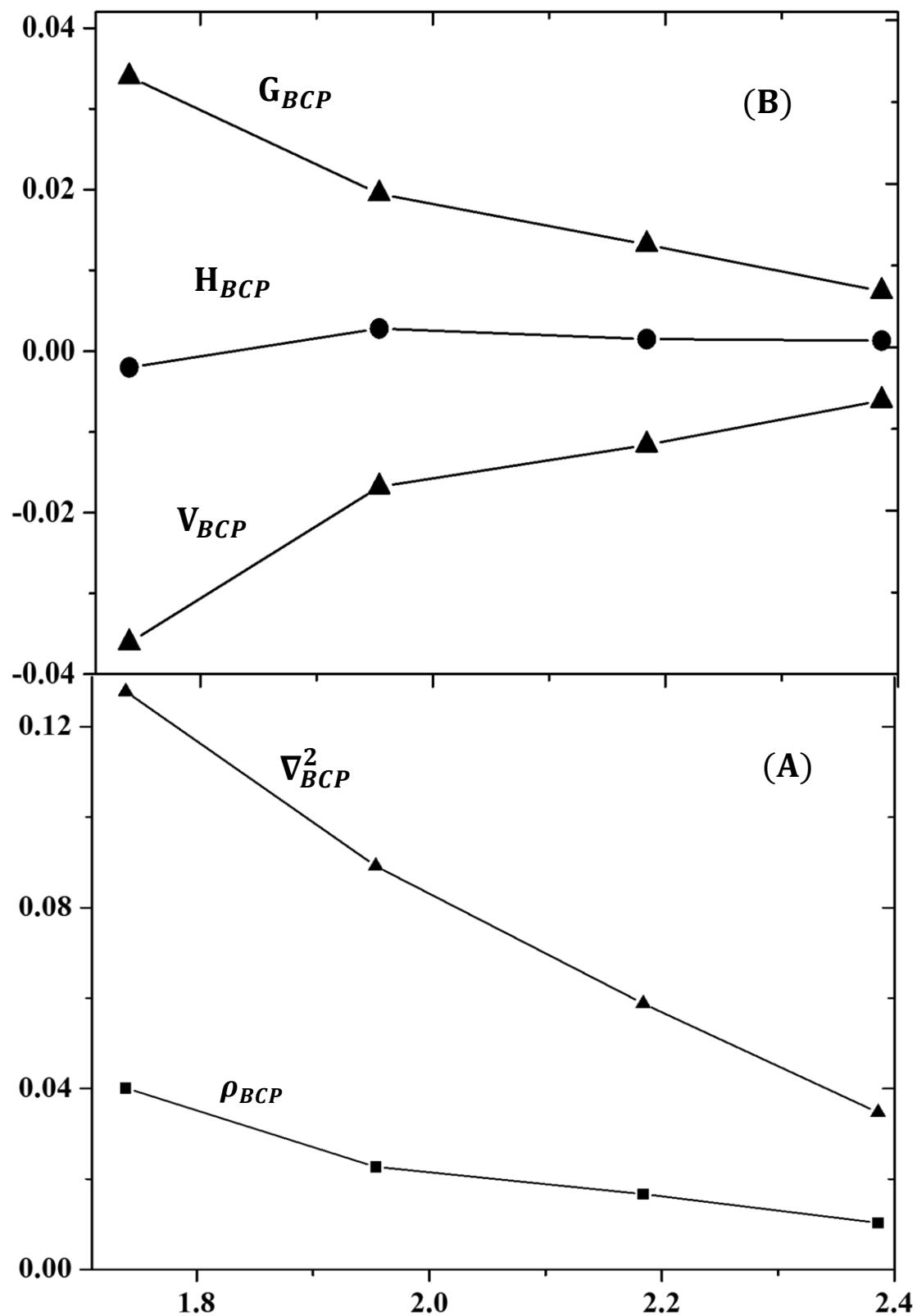


Figure S 1.

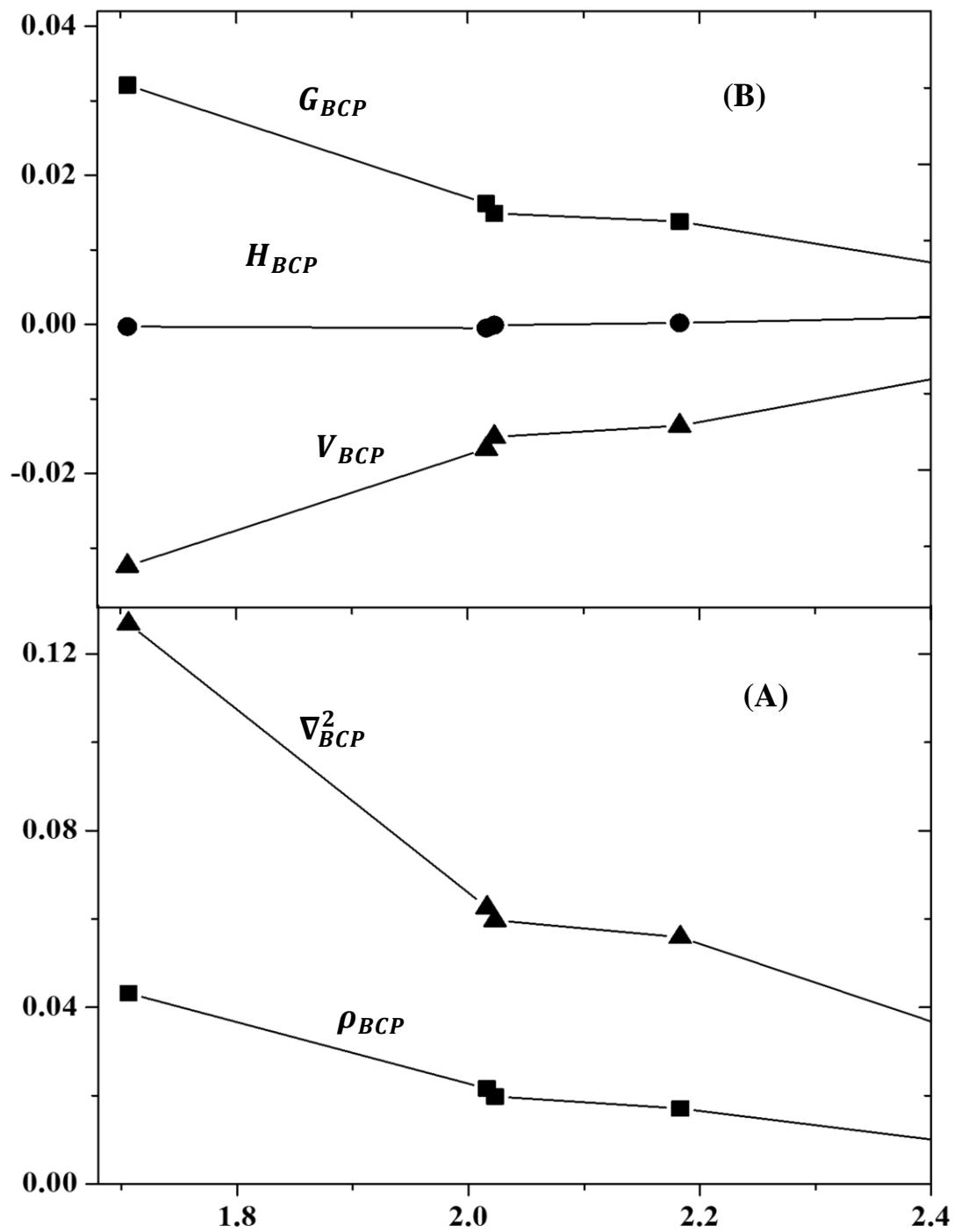


Figure S 2.