



Corrigendum: Polymerized 4-Fold Coordinated Carbonate Melts in the Deep Mantle

Chrystèle Sanloup^{1*}, Jessica M. Hudspeth², Veronika Afonina³, Benjamin Cochain², Zuzana Konôpková⁴, Gérald Lelong¹, Laurent Cormier¹ and Chiara Cavallari⁵

¹ Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle, UMR CNRS 7590, IRD, Institut de Minéralogie, de Physique des Matériaux et de Cosmochimie, IMPMC, Sorbonne Université, Paris, France, ² Institut des Sciences de la Terre de Paris, Sorbonne Université, CNRS, Paris, France, ³ SUPA, Centre for Science at Extreme Conditions and School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, United Kingdom, ⁴ DESY Photon Science, Hamburg, Germany, ⁵ European Synchrotron Radiation Facility, ESRF, Grenoble, France

Keywords: carbonate melts, high pressure, x-ray diffraction, Raman, x-ray Raman, polymerization, deep mantle

A Corrigendum on

Polymerized 4-Fold Coordinated Carbonate Melts in the Deep Mantle

by Sanloup, C., Hudspeth, J. M., Afonina, V., Cochain, B., Konôpková, Z., Lelong, G., et al. (2019). Front. Earth Sci. 7:72. doi: 10.3389/feart.2019.00072

OPEN ACCESS

Edited and reviewed by:

Dan J. Bower, University of Bern, Switzerland

*Correspondence:

Chrystèle Sanloup chrystele.sanloup@ sorbonne-universite.fr

Specialty section:

This article was submitted to Earth and Planetary Materials, a section of the journal Frontiers in Earth Science

> **Received:** 20 May 2019 **Accepted:** 03 June 2019 **Published:** 25 June 2019

Citation:

Sanloup C, Hudspeth JM, Afonina V, Cochain B, Konôpková Z, Lelong G, Corrnier L and Cavallari C (2019) Corrigendum: Polymerized 4-Fold Coordinated Carbonate Melts in the Deep Mantle. Front. Earth Sci. 7:155. doi: 10.3389/feart.2019.00155 In the original article, there was a mistype in Equation (2) used to simulate the experimental C-O contribution on g(r) (Figure 3B).

A correction has been made to Section 2, Density Measurements, equation 2:

$$g(r) = \frac{c_C c_O K_C K_O}{Z_{tot}^2 n S_\infty} \frac{A}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} exp\left(-\frac{(r-d)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$
(2)

where c_C and c_O are the atomic proportions of carbon and oxygen, K_C and K_O are defined as the average effective atomic number over the experimental *q*-range (Eggert et al., 2002) and calculated using form factors from Hajdu (1972). Other parameters are as defined in the article.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

REFERENCES

- Eggert, J. H., Weck, G., Loubeyre, P., and Mezouar, M. (2002). Quantitative structure factor and density measurements of high-pressure in diamond anvil cells by x-ray diffraction: Argon and water. *Phys. Rev. B* 65:174105. doi: 10.1103/PhysRevB.65.174105
- Hajdu F. (1972). Revised parameters of the analytic fits for coherent and incoherent scattered X-ray intensities of the first 36 atoms. *Acta Cryst. A* 28, 250–252.

Copyright © 2019 Sanloup, Hudspeth, Afonina, Cochain, Konôpková, Lelong, Cormier and Cavallari. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY). The use, distribution or reproduction in other forums is permitted, provided the original author(s) and the copyright owner(s) are credited and that the original publication in this journal is cited, in accordance with accepted academic practice. No use, distribution or reproduction is permitted which does not comply with these terms.