Check for updates

OPEN ACCESS

APPROVED BY Frontiers Editorial Office, Frontiers Media SA, Switzerland

*CORRESPONDENCE Irina Solovei, Irina.Solovei@lrz.uni-muenchen.de

[†]PRESENT ADDRESS

Katharina Thanisch, Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma GmbH & Co. KG, Biberach an der Riss, Germany

RECEIVED 07 February 2025 ACCEPTED 28 February 2025 PUBLISHED 10 March 2025

CITATION

Ullrich S, Leidescher S, Feodorova Y, Thanisch K, Fini J-B, Kaspers B, Weber F, Markova B, Führer D, Romitti M, Krebs S, Blum H, Leonhardt H, Costagliola S, Heuer H and Solovei I (2025) Corrigendum: The highly and perpetually upregulated thyroglobulin gene is a hallmark of functional thyrocytes. *Front. Cell Dev. Biol.* 13:1571466. doi: 10.3389/fcell.2025.1571466

COPYRIGHT

© 2025 Ullrich, Leidescher, Feodorova, Thanisch, Fini, Kaspers, Weber, Markova, Führer, Romitti, Krebs, Blum, Leonhardt, Costagliola, Heuer and Solovei. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY). The use, distribution or reproduction in other forums is permitted, provided the original author(s) and the copyright owner(s) are credited and that the original publication in this journal is cited, in accordance with accepted academic practice. No use, distribution or reproduction is permitted which does not comply with these terms.

Corrigendum: The highly and perpetually upregulated thyroglobulin gene is a hallmark of functional thyrocytes

Simon Ullrich¹, Susanne Leidescher¹, Yana Feodorova^{1,2}, Katharina Thanisch^{1†}, Jean-Baptiste Fini³, Bernd Kaspers⁴, Frank Weber⁵, Boyka Markova⁶, Dagmar Führer⁶, Mirian Romitti⁷, Stefan Krebs⁸, Helmut Blum⁸, Heinrich Leonhardt¹, Sabine Costagliola⁷, Heike Heuer⁶ and Irina Solovei¹*

¹Biocenter, Ludwig Maximilians University Munich, Munich, Germany, ²Department of Medical Biology, Medical University of Plovdiv, Division of Molecular and Regenerative Medicine, Research Institute at Medical University of Plovdiv, Plovdiv, Bulgaria, ³Département Adaptations du Vivant (AVIV), Physiologie Moléculaire et Adaptation (PhyMA UMR 7221 CNRS), Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle, CNRS, CP 32, Paris, France, ⁴Department for Veterinary Sciences, Ludwig Maximilians University Munich, Planegg, Germany, ⁵Department of General, Visceral and Transplantation Surgery, Section of Endocrine Surgery, University Duisburg-Essen, University Hospital Essen, Essen, Germany, ⁶Department of Endocrinology, Diabetes and Metabolism, University Duisburg-Essen, University Hospital Essen, Essen, Germany, ⁷IRIBHM ULB, Brussels, Belgium, ⁸Laboratory for Functional Genome Analysis (LAFUGA), Gene Center, Ludwig Maximilians University Munich, Munich, Germany

KEYWORDS

thyroglobulin gene, transcription loop, transcription, gene upregulation, thyroid hormones

A Corrigendum on

The highly and perpetually upregulated thyroglobulin gene is a hallmark of functional thyrocytes

by Ullrich S, Leidescher S, Feodorova Y, Thanisch K, Fini J-B, Kaspers B, Weber F, Markova B, Führer D, Romitti M, Krebs S, Blum H, Leonhardt H, Costagliola S, Heuer H and Solovei I (2023). Front. Cell Dev. Biol. 11:1265407. doi: 10.3389/fcell.2023.1265407

In the published article, there was an error regarding the affiliation(s) for **Yana Feodorova**. As well as having affiliation 1, they should also have "Department of Medical Biology, Medical University of Plovdiv; Division of Molecular and Regenerative Medicine, Research Institute at Medical University of Plovdiv, Plovdiv, Bulgaria."

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

Publisher's note

All claims expressed in this article are solely those of the authors and do not necessarily represent those of their affiliated

organizations, or those of the publisher, the editors and the reviewers. Any product that may be evaluated in this article, or claim that may be made by its manufacturer, is not guaranteed or endorsed by the publisher.