



Corrigendum: Cavity-Containing [Fe₂L₃]⁴⁺ Helicates: An Examination of Host-Guest Chemistry and Cytotoxicity

OPEN ACCESS

Lynn S. Lisboa¹, Mie Riisom^{2,3}, Roan A. S. Vasdev¹, Stephen M. F. Jamieson³, L. James Wright², Christian G. Hartinger² and James D. Crowley¹*

Edited and reviewed by:

Tony D. James, University of Bath, United Kingdom

*Correspondence:

James D. Crowley jcrowley@chemistry.otago.ac.nz

Specialty section:

This article was submitted to Supramolecular Chemistry, a section of the journal Frontiers in Chemistry

Received: 12 July 2021 Accepted: 15 July 2021 Published: 03 August 2021

Citation:

Lisboa LS, Riisom M, Vasdev RAS, Jamieson SMF, Wright LJ, Hartinger CG and Crowley JD (2021) Corrigendum: Cavity-Containing [Fe₂L₃]⁴⁺ Helicates: An Examination of Host-Guest Chemistry and Cytotoxicity. Front. Chem. 9:739785. ¹Department of Chemistry, University of Otago, Dunedin, New Zealand, ²School of Chemical Sciences, University of Auckland, Auckland, New Zealand, ³Auckland Cancer Society Research Centre, University of Auckland, Auckland, New Zealand

Keywords: iron(II), helicate, cytotoxicity, host-guest chemistry, metallosupramolecular architectures

A Corrigendum on

Cavity-Containing $[Fe_2L_3]^{4+}$ Helicates: An Examination of Host-Guest Chemistry and Cytotoxicity

by Lisboa L. S., Riisom M., Vasdev R. A. S., Jamieson S. M. F., Wright L. J., Hartinger C. G. and Crowley J. D. (2021). Front Chem. 9:697684. doi:10.3389/fchem.2021.697684

In the original article, there was a mistake in **Figure 1** as published. The N positions of the pyridines in the ligand structure are incorrect. The corrected **Figure 1** appears below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

Publisher's Note: All claims expressed in this article are solely those of the authors and do not necessarily represent those of their affiliated organizations, or those of the publisher, the editors and the reviewers. Any product that may be evaluated in this article, or claim that may be made by its manufacturer, is not guaranteed or endorsed by the publisher.

Copyright © 2021 Lisboa, Riisom, Vasdev, Jamieson, Wright, Hartinger and Crowley. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY). The use, distribution or reproduction in other forums is permitted, provided the original author(s) and the copyright owner(s) are credited and that the original publication in this journal is cited, in accordance with accepted academic practice. No use, distribution or reproduction is permitted which does not comply with these terms.

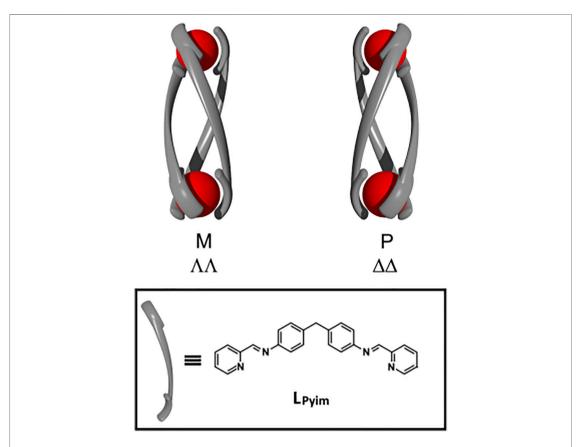


FIGURE 1 | Cartoon representations of the minus (M, $\Delta\Delta$), plus (P, $\Delta\Delta$) helicate isomers of a generic triple-stranded helicate and the chemical structure of the (1E,1'E)-N,N'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenylene)]bis[1-(pyridin-2-yl)methanimine] ligand (L_{Pyim}) developed by Hannon and co-workers (Hannon et al., 1997).