



# Corrigendum: Precise Monitoring of Pore Pressure at Boreholes Around Nankai Trough Toward Early Detecting Crustal Deformation

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## A corrigendum on

# Precise Monitoring of Pore Pressure at Boreholes Around Nankai Trough Toward Early Detecting Crustal Deformation

by Ariyoshi K., Kimura T., Miyazawa Y., Varlamov S., Iinuma T., Nagano A., Gomberg J., Araki E., Miyama T., Sueki K., Yada S., Hori T., Takahashi N. and Kodaira S. (2021) Precise Monitoring of Pore Pressure at Boreholes Around Nankai Trough Toward Early Detecting Crustal Deformation. Front. Earth Sci. 9:717696. doi: 10.3389/feart.2021.717696

In the original article, there were mistakes in Figure 1B and Figure 13. In these figures, there were wrong focal mechanisms of VLFE, which contradicted with those in Figure 1A. The corrected Figure 1B and Figure 13 appear below.

As an additional explanation for **Figure 1B**, "the focal depths of the fault models A-1 and A-2+ are assumed to be consistent with VLFE because it is practically difficult to determine the focal depth precisely from only the two volumetric strain data at boreholes (C0002 and C0010) by using the simplified green's function."

The authors apologize for these errors and state that they do not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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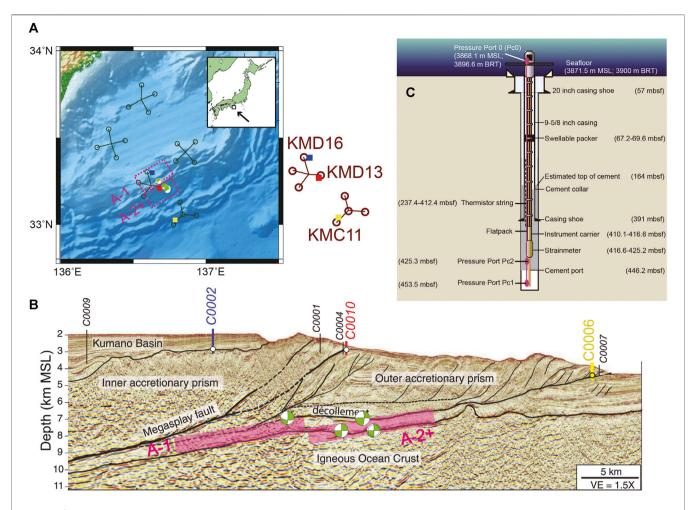
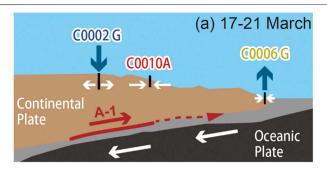
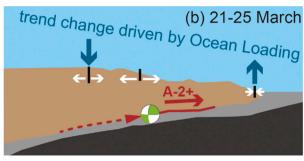


FIGURE 1 | (A) Map of the fault model (A-1, A-2+) of the SSE and sVLFE in March 2020 from previous results (Ariyoshi et al., 2021). Squares represent borehole stations. Labeled names (D-16, D-13, and C-11) are the nearby DONET stations for C0002 (blue), C0010 (red), and C0006 (yellow), respectively. Focal mechanism is obtained from Ariyoshi et al. (2021). (B) Seismic section showing the location of the boreholes C0002 (937–980 mbsf), C0010 (610 mbsf), and C0006 (453.5 mbsf), where mbsf = meter below seafloor; VE = vertical exaggeration. The average source location errors of sVLFEs are 5 and 2 km for horizontal and vertical component, respectively (Nakano et al., 2018). Spatial resolution of focal depth and fixed dip angle for the SSE is 1 km and 6°, respectively (Ariyoshi et al., 2021). The focal depths of the fault models A-1 and A-2+ are assumed to be consistent with VLFE because it is practically difficult to determine the focal depth precisely from only the two volumetric strain data at boreholes (C0002 and C0010) by using the simplified green's function. (C) Borehole completion diagram at C0006. The solid magenta ellipses indicate the pressure gauges, where the top one (Pc0) is a hydrostatic reference pressure sensor used to remove oceanographic signals, BRT = below rotary table, and MSL = mean sea level. Figures (B,C) are modified after Figure 1 of Araki et al. (2017) and Figure 2 of Kinoshita et al. (2018), respectively.





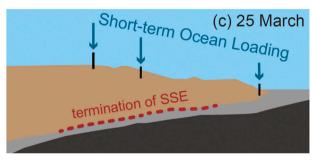


FIGURE 13 | Schematic scenario of the possible process for the SSE with ocean loading (A) during model A-1, (B) during model A-2+, and (C) termination of the SSE. Representative focal mechanism of VLFE is obtained from Ariyoshi et al. (2021). Double arrows represent volumetric strain change due to crustal deformation driven by the SSE.

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