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Correction: Back to the future: restoring northern drained forested peatlands for climate change mitigation

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KEYWORDS

peatland, restoration, rewetting, GHG balance, forest, land-use, management

A Correction on

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In the published article, there was an error in [Figures 1, 6](#) as published. In [Figure 1](#), the arrow going from “Mineral Nutrient Content” to “Plant Nutrient Uptake” was red with a minus sign; it should be blue with a plus. Similarly, the arrow going from “Plant Nutrient Uptake” to “Mineral Nutrient Uptake” was blue with a plus sign; it should be red with a minus sign. In [Figure 6](#), the arrow going from “Soil Water” to “Soil Oxygen” was blue with a plus sign; it should be red with a minus sign.

The corrected [Figure 1, 6](#) and their captions appear below.

The original article also contained some grammatical errors in [figures 2, 4](#) and [5](#). The corrected figures and their captions appear below.

The original article has been updated

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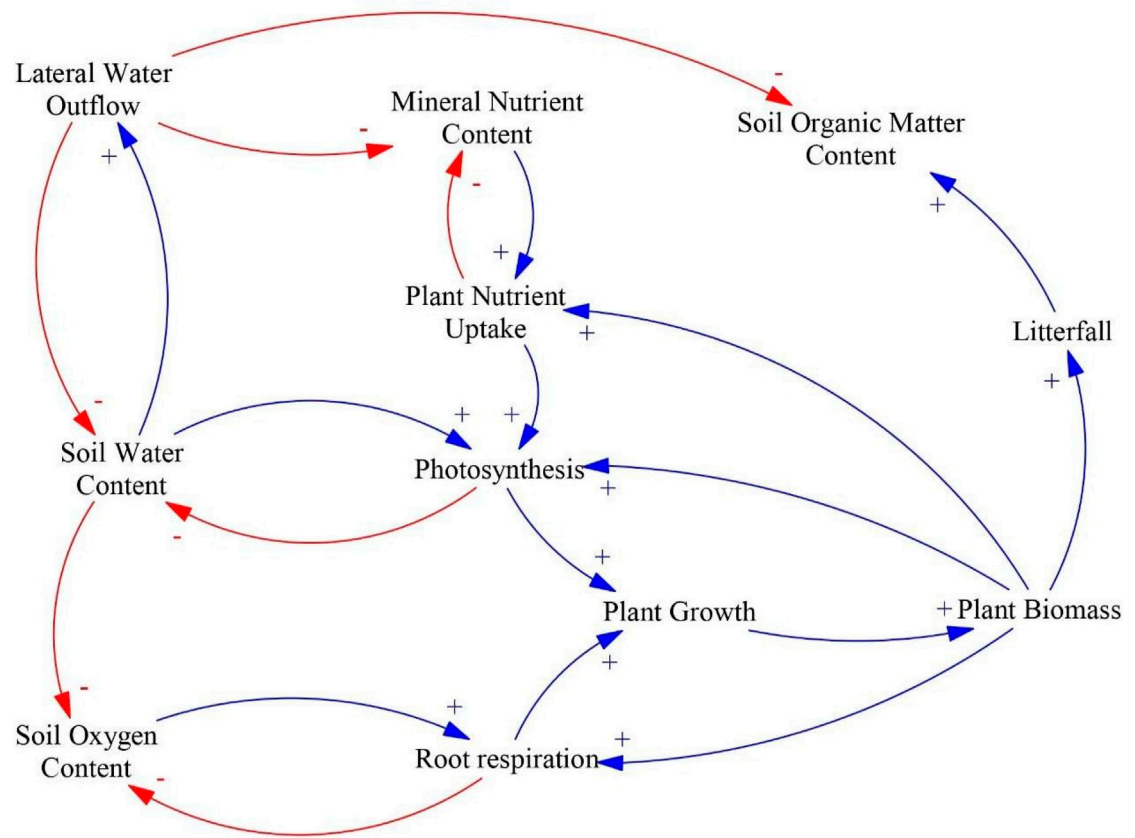


FIGURE 1
Causal loop diagram of the main effects of water table management on plant biomass and litterfall. An arrow with a plus sign (blue) indicates a change in the variable affected that is in the same direction as the change in the driving variable, an arrow with a minus sign (red) indicates a change in variable affected that is in the opposite direction as the change in the driving variable.

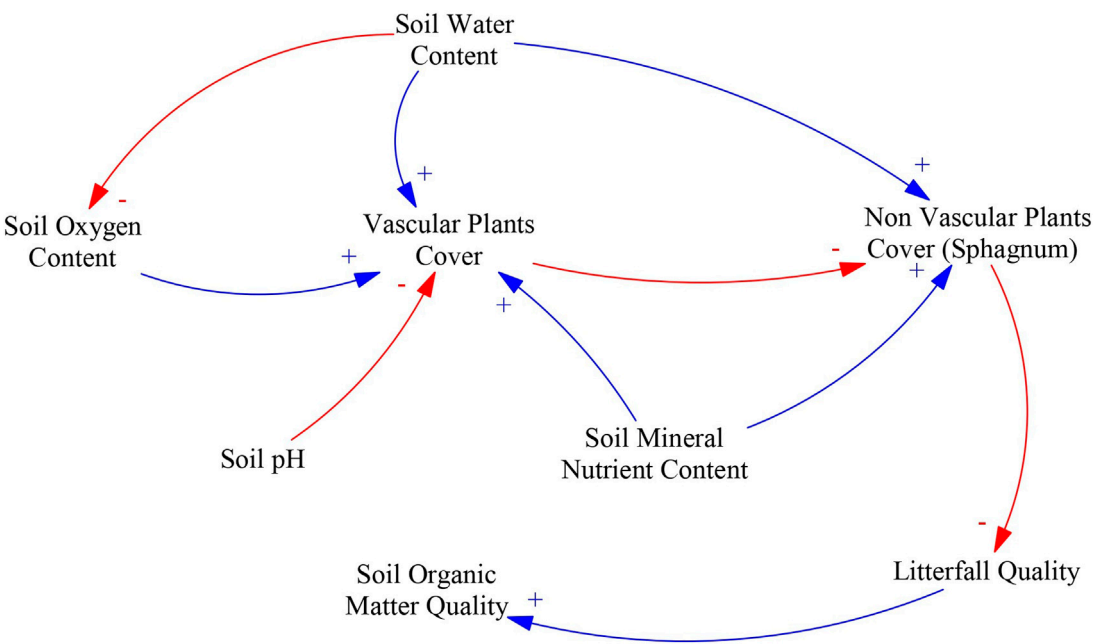


FIGURE 2
Causal loop diagram of the main effects of water table management on litterfall quality. An arrow with a plus sign (blue) indicates a change in the variable affected that is in the same direction as the change in the driving variable, an arrow with a minus sign (red) indicates a change in variable affected that is in the opposite direction as the change in the driving variable.

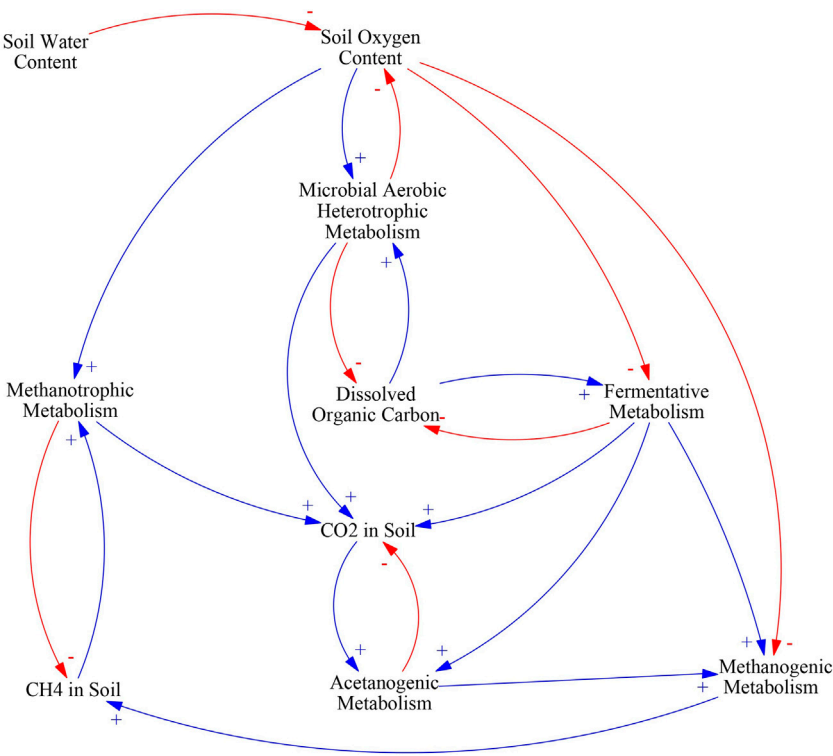


FIGURE 4
Causal loop diagram of the main effects of water table management on carbon mineralization pathways. An arrow with a plus sign (blue) indicates a change in the variable affected that is in the same direction as the change in the driving variable, an arrow with a minus sign (red) indicates a change in variable affected that is in the opposite direction as the change in the driving variable.

