



# Erratum: Infrared Spectrometry as a High-Throughput Phenotyping Technology to Predict Complex Traits in Livestock Systems

## OPEN ACCESS

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### An Erratum on

# Infrared Spectrometry as a High-Throughput Phenotyping Technology to Predict Complex Traits in Livestock Systems

by Bresolin, T., and Dórea, J. R. R. (2020). Front. Genet. 11:923. doi: 10.3389/fgene.2020.00923

Due to a production error, an incorrect reference citation "Vanlierde et al. (2016)" was inserted in Table 5. It should be "Visentin et al. (2016)." The corrected **Table 5** appears below. The publisher apologizes for this mistake. The original article has been updated.

## REFERENCES

Visentin, G., Penasa, M., Gottardo, P., Cassandro, M., and De Marchi, M. (2016). Predictive ability of mid-infrared spectroscopy for major mineral com-position and coagulation traits of bovine milk by using the uninformative variable selection algorithm. J. Dairy Sci. 99, 8137–8145. doi: 10.3168/jds.2016-11053

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TABLE 5 | Number of samples (N) and coefficient of determination in the validation set for mineral contents using partial least square methodology.

References	Ν	Breed	Validation*	Ca	к	Mg	Na	Р
Soyeurt et al. (2009)	92	Multibreed	LOOCV	0.87	0.36	0.65	0.65	0.85
Gottardo et al. (2015)	208	-	10-F CV <sup>b</sup>	0.55	-	_	_	-
Toffanin et al. (2015)	208	Holstein	LOOCV	0.53°	_	_	_	0.70 <sup>c</sup>
Bonfatti et al. (2016)	689	Simental	10-F CV	0.48	0.41	0.46	_	0.43
Visentin et al. (2016)	923	Multibreed	R-Tr/Te <sup>b</sup>	0.67	0.69	0.65	0.40	0.68
Malacarne et al. (2018) <sup>a</sup>	153	Holstein	Tr/Te <sup>b</sup>	0.25	0.34	0.26	0.25	0.53
Franzoi et al. (2019) <sup>b</sup>	93	Holstein	CV	0.79	0.55	0.68	0.75	0.87
Fleming et al. (2019)	986	Multibreed	10- FCV	0.25	-	-	-	-

<sup>a</sup> Bulk milk samples. <sup>b</sup>Backward interval partial least squares (BiPLS), number of folds (n-F) in the cross-validation, leave-one-out cross-validation (LOOCV), train and test cross-validation defined by splitting the data set randomly (R-Tr/Te), external or independent validation. <sup>c</sup> Correlation coefficient (r) transformed to coefficient of determination (R2). \*The validation strategy defined as "CV" was assigned for the reviewed paper that did not completely describe the validation method adopted or the authors defined that cross-validation was employed.