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Corrigendum: Light-enhanced VEGF₁₂₁/rGel induce immunogenic cell death and increase the antitumor activity of α CTLA4 treatment

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In the published article, there was an error in Figure 3 as published. 3C has wrongly also been inserted as 3D resulting in 3C showing the same figure as 3C. The figure legend is correct. The corrected Figure 3 appear below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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FIGURE 3

VEGF₁₂₁/rGel-PCI induces secretion of DAMP signals from CT26 cells. (A) Relative cell viability (MTT) 48 hrs post VEGF₁₂₁/rGel-PCI with indicated controls. (B) Normalized ATP secretion (bioluminescence assay) 24 and 48 hrs post VEGF/Gel-PCI with indicated controls. (C, D) HSP90 and HMGB1 secretion (quantification of western blots) 24 and 48 hrs post VEGF₁₂₁/rGel-PCl with indicated controls. The graphs show averages of 3 independent experiments with error bars indicating SD. Bar labeled with * indicate p < 0.05 as compared to non-treated control (NT) (t-test). Significance between two treatments is indicated with * and dotted line (t-test). ** indicate significance with paired t-test. (E) Representative western blots of 3 independent experiments of HSP90 and MHGB1 in cell media harvested 24 and 48 hrs post treatment. VEGF121/rGel-PCI was performed with the same light dose as used with PDT while PDT_{high} was executed at a higher light dose..