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Erratum: Sex-specific effects of maternal dietary carbohydrate quality on fetal development and offspring metabolic phenotype in mice

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Due to a production error, there was a mistake in Figure 1 as published. The line thickness in Figure 1A was too thick. The corrected Figure 1 appears below.

The publisher apologizes for this mistake. The original article has been updated.

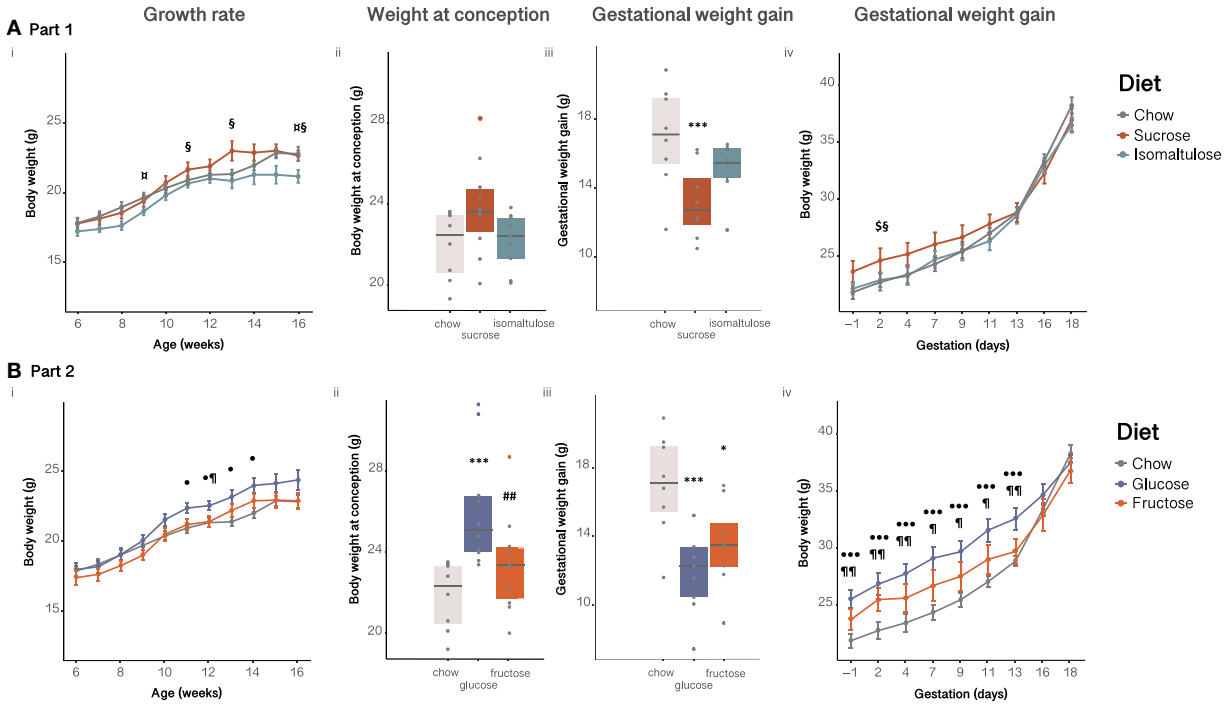

FIGURE 1
Dam body weight **(A)** in Part 1 and **(B)** in Part 2: (i) pre-pregnancy, (ii) at conception, (iii) gained during pregnancy, (iv) during pregnancy. n = 8–10 per diet. Line graphs depict data as mean ± SEM. $^{*}p < 0.05$ vs. chow; $^{***}p < 0.001$ vs. chow; $^{\#\#}p < 0.01$ vs. glucose; $^{\$}p < 0.05$ sucrose vs. chow; ¤$p < 0.05$ isomaltulose vs. chow; § $p < 0.05$ sucrose vs. isomaltulose; $^{\cdot}p < 0.05$ glucose vs. chow; $^{\cdot\cdot\cdot}p < 0.001$ glucose vs. chow; ¶ $p <$ 0.05 glucose vs. fructose; ¶¶ $p < 0.01$ glucose vs. fructose.