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Frontiers Editorial Office,
Frontiers Media SA, Switzerland

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RECEIVED 10 March 2025

ACCEPTED 16 May 2025

PUBLISHED 29 May 2025

CITATION

Wang M, Wu X, Yu L, Hu Z-y, Li X, Meng X,
Lv C-t, Kim G-Y, Choi YH, Wang Z, Xu H-W
and Jin C-Y (2025) Corrigendum: LCT-3d
induces oxidative stress-mediated apoptosis
by upregulating death receptor 5 in gastric
cancer cells.
Front. Oncol. 15:1590809.
doi: 10.3389/fonc.2025.1590809

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Corrigendum: LCT-3d induces oxidative stress-mediated apoptosis by upregulating death receptor 5 in gastric cancer cells

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KEYWORDS

LCT-3d, DR5, reactive oxygen species, Nrf2, apoptosis, gastric cancer

A Corrigendum on

LCT-3d induces oxidative stress-mediated apoptosis by upregulating death receptor 5 in gastric cancer cells

by Wang M, Wu X, Yu L, Hu Z-y, Li X, Meng X, Lv C-t, Kim G-Y, Choi YH, Wang Z, Xu H-W and Jin C-Y (2021). *Front. Oncol.* 11:658608. doi: 10.3389/fonc.2021.658608

In the published article, an author name was incorrectly written as “Zhengya Wang”. The correct spelling is “Zhenya Wang”.

In the published article, there was an error in **Figure 2** as published. During the post-submission stage, while organizing and editing the figures, we failed to conduct a thorough check, resulting in a fundamental error in **Figure 2** of the manuscript: the duplication of Western Blot bands (strip 2 of MGC803 cells and strip 4 of HGC-27 cells in **Figure 2**. The corrected **Figure 2** and its caption LCT-3d triggered Caspase mediated apoptotic pathway in gastric cancer cells appear below.

The authors apologize for these errors and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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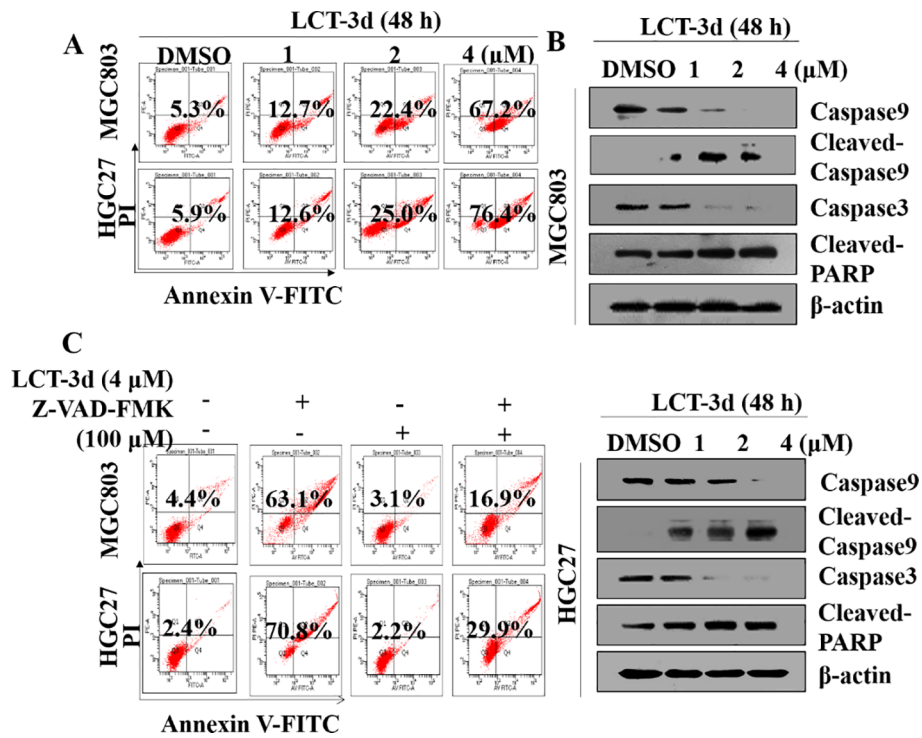


FIGURE 2 LCT-3d triggered Caspase mediated apoptotic pathway in gastric cancer cells. **(A)** MGC803 cells and HGC27 were cells treated with various concentrations of LCT-3d for 48 h and apoptosis analyzed by flow cytometry. **(B)** Cells were treated as in **(A)** and the expression of Cleaved-Caspase and Cleaved PARP was analyzed by Western blotting. **(C)** MGC803 cells and HGC27 cells were pretreated with a pan-Caspase inhibitor, Z-VAD-FMK (100 μM) for 1 h, followed by incubation with LCT-3d (4 μM) for 48 h. Flow cytometric analysis on the effect of Z-VAD-FMK on LCT-3d-induced cells apoptosis.