Check for updates

Correction: Monocyte count combined with GTVnx is an independent prognostic factor in non-metastatic nasopharyngeal carcinoma receiving radiotherapy

Li-Na Yang†, Yun-Rui Song†, Huan Zhang†, Hong-Lei Tu, Ming-Yue Lu, De-Qing Liu, Jiang-Dong Sui, Dan Li*, Yue Xie* and Ying Wang*

Radiation Oncology Center, Chongqing University Cancer Hospital, School of Medicine, Chongqing University, Chongqing, China

A Correction on

Monocyte count combined with GTVnx is an independent prognostic factor in non-metastatic nasopharyngeal carcinoma receiving radiotherapy

By Yang L-N, Song Y-R, Zhang H, Tu H-L, Lu M-Y, Liu D-Q, Sui J-D, Li D, Xie Y and Wang Y (2025) *Front. Oncol.* 15:1541212. doi: 10.3389/fonc.2025.1541212

In the published article, there was an error in the legend for **Figure 3** as published. Risk classification should be low, medium and high risk rather than no risk, low risk and high risk. The corrected legend appears below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

Publisher's note

All claims expressed in this article are solely those of the authors and do not necessarily represent those of their affiliated organizations, or those of the publisher, the editors and the reviewers. Any product that may be evaluated in this article, or claim that may be made by its manufacturer, is not guaranteed or endorsed by the publisher.
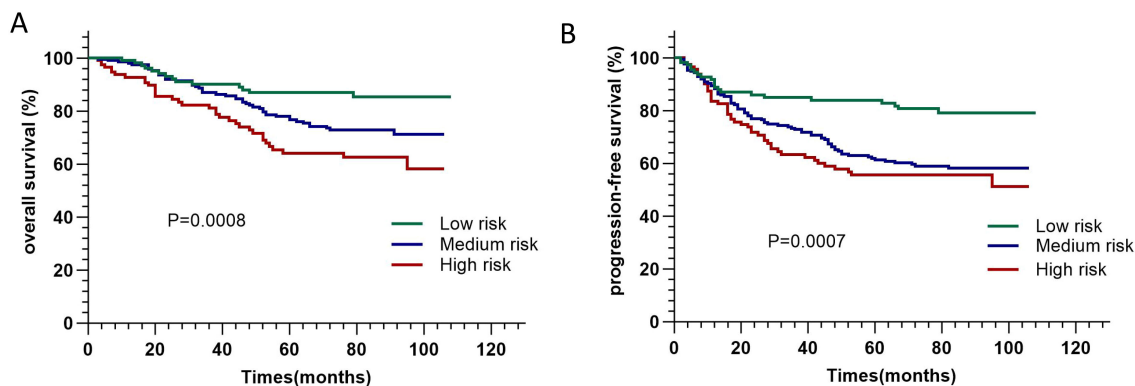

FIGURE 3
Kaplan-Meier curves of overall survival **(A)** and progression-free survival **(B)** of patients in different risk groups.