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Corrigendum: Systems pharmacology approach to investigate the mechanism of Kai-Xin-San in Alzheimer's disease

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In the published article, there was an error in Figure 8 as published. The Iba1 fluorescence image of the cortex and corresponding merged image in the KXS-L group was mistakenly displayed. The corrected Figure 8 and its caption appear below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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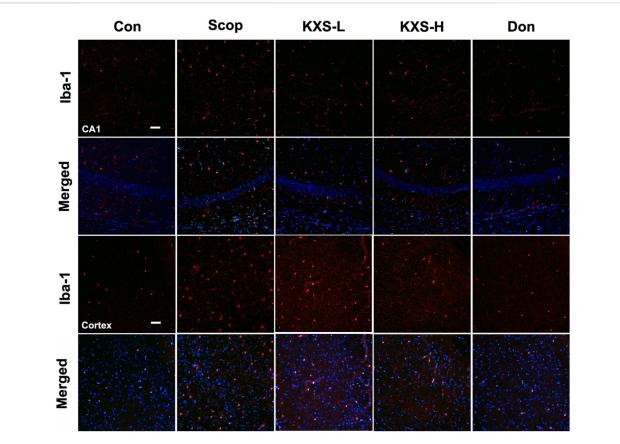


FIGURE 8

Kai-Xin-San (KXS) attenuates microglia activation in scopolamine (SCOP)-induced mice. Immunofluorescence analysis in the hippocampus (CA1) and cortex. Microglia were stained with anti-Iba-1 (red) and the nuclei were stained with DAPI (blue). Scale bar: 50 mm. Con, control group; SCOP, scopolamine; KXS-L, low-dose Kai-Xin San (1.4 g/kg); KSX-H, high-dose Kai-Xin San (2.8 g/kg); Don, donepezil.