



Corrigendum: Every-Other-Day Feeding Decreases Glycolytic and Mitochondrial Energy-Producing Potentials in the Brain and Liver of Young Mice

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A Corrigendum on

Every-Other-Day Feeding Decreases Glycolytic and Mitochondrial Energy-Producing Potentials in the Brain and Liver of Young Mice

by Sorochynska, O. M., Bayliak, M. M., Gospodaryov, D. V., Vasylyk, Y. V., Kuzniak, O. V., Pankiv, T. M., et al. (2019). Front. Physiol. 10:1432. doi: 10.3389/fphys.2019.01432

In the original article, there was a mistake in **Figure 6** as published. The incorrect data on the level of ketone bodies in the liver and the cortex of mice fed *ad libitum* (control) or subjected to an everyother-day feeding regimen (EODF) over 1 month were placed instead of the corresponding data on β -hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase activity. The corrected **Figure 6** and the legend appear below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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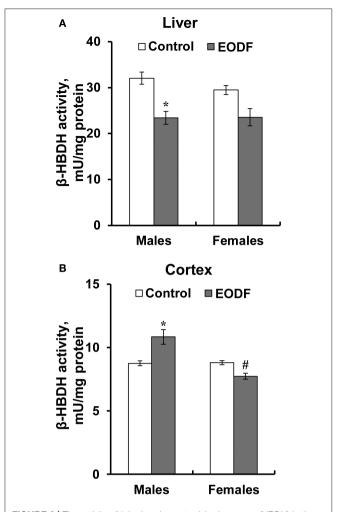


FIGURE 6 | The activity of β-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase (HBDH) in the liver **(A)** and the cortex **(B)** of mice fed ad libitum (control) or subjected to an every-other-day feeding regimen (EODF) over 1 month, n=5–6 mice. *Significantly different from the control group (p<0.05), #significantly different from corresponding group of males (p<0.05) by Welch's t test with Benjamini-Hochberg adjustment of p.