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# Corrigendum: Playing basketball and volleyball during adolescence is associated with higher bone mineral density in old age: the Bunkyo Health Study

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## KEYWORDS

bone mass, sports type, cross-sectional study, femoral neck, lumbar spine, exercise history

## A Corrigendum on

### Playing basketball and volleyball during adolescence is associated with higher bone mineral density in old age: the Bunkyo Health Study

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In the published article, the reference “Kannus, P., Haapasalo, H., Sankelo, M., Sievänen, H., Pasanen, M., Heinonen, A., et al. (1995). Effect of starting age of physical activity on bone mass in the dominant arm of tennis and squash players. *Ann. Intern Med.* 123 (1), 27–31. doi:10.7326/0003-4819-123-1-199507010-0003” was incorrectly included. It should have been “Hendrickx, G., Boudin, E., & Van Hul, W. (2015). A look behind the scenes: the risk and pathogenesis of primary osteoporosis. *Nat. Rev. Rheumatol.*, 11(8), 462–474. doi: 10.1038/nrrheum.2015.48.”

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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