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Correction: Dose-response of tomato fruit yield to far-red fraction in supplementary lighting

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tomato, far-red light, radiation use efficiency, electricity use efficiency, fruit quality, vertical light distribution, photosynthesis, yield component analysis

A Correction on

Dose-response of tomato fruit yield to far-red fraction in supplementary lighting

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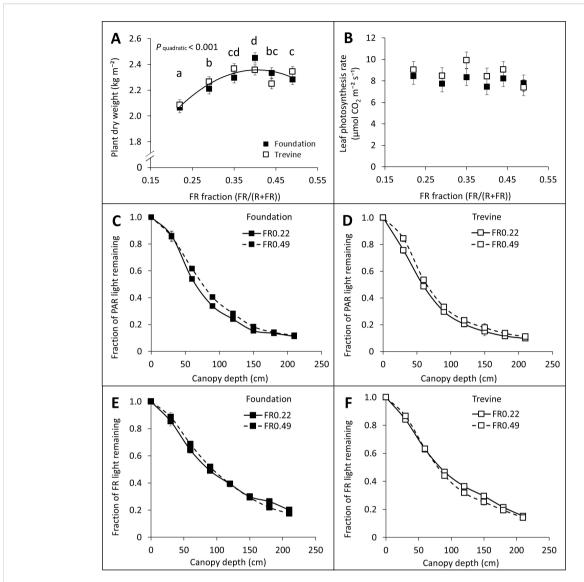
In the published article, there was an error in **Figure 3** as published. **Figure 3B** depicted the effects of FR fraction in supplementary light on the fraction of dry matter partitioned to fruits instead of leaf photosynthesis rate. The corrected **Figure 3** and its caption appear below.

The original article has been updated.

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Effects of FR fraction in supplementary light on plant dry weight after 20 weeks of cultivation, 140-143 DAT (A), leaf photosynthesis rate measured between 128 and 134 DAT (B), fraction of PAR (C, D), and FR (E, F) light remaining at different canopy depths for cv. Foundation and cv. Trevine. A trendline is depicted to show a significant quadratic relationship between plant dry weight and FR fraction (p < 0.1, averaged over both cultivars), and letters denote significant differences between treatments, as determined by Fisher's protected LSD test. Each data point represents the average of two experimental units \pm SEM, where the value per experimental unit is the average of five (B) or six (A) plants or the average of two experimental units (C-F). FR, far-red light; DAT, days after transplant.