



Corrigendum: Comparison of Clinical Outcomes Following Lumbar Endoscopic Unilateral Laminotomy Bilateral Decompression and Minimally Invasive Transforaminal Lumbar Interbody Fusion for One-Level Lumbar Spinal Stenosis With Degenerative Spondylolisthesis

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A Corrigendum on

**Comparison of Clinical Outcomes Following Lumbar Endoscopic Unilateral Laminotomy
Bilateral Decompression and Minimally Invasive Transforaminal Lumbar Interbody Fusion
for One-Level Lumbar Spinal Stenosis With Degenerative Spondylolisthesis**

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In the original article, there was some mistakes in **Figure 1** and **Figure 2** as published (1). **Figure 1** is the same as the sketch maps of surgical procedures of lumbar endoscopic unilateral laminotomy bilateral decompression (LE-ULBD) published by us (2). In order to avoid repeated publication of the same figure, we replaced **Figure 1**. There were also some mistakes in choosing typical intraoperative photos for **Figures 2I** and **2J**. The corrected **Figure 1** and **Figure 2** appear below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

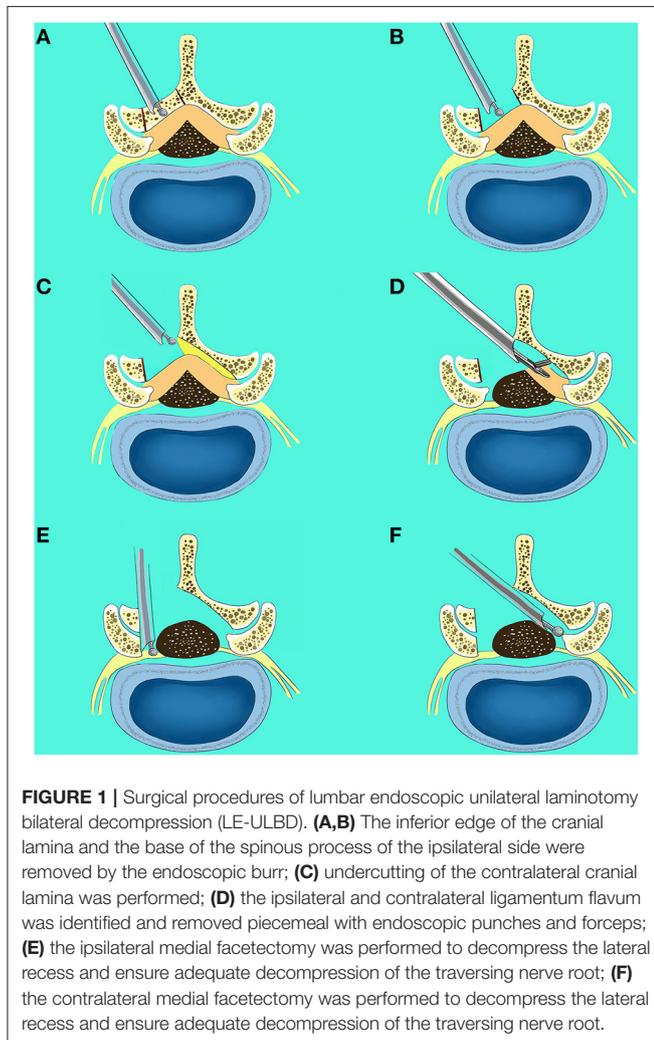


FIGURE 1 | Surgical procedures of lumbar endoscopic unilateral laminotomy bilateral decompression (LE-ULBD). **(A,B)** The inferior edge of the cranial lamina and the base of the spinous process of the ipsilateral side were removed by the endoscopic burr; **(C)** undercutting of the contralateral cranial lamina was performed; **(D)** the ipsilateral and contralateral ligamentum flavum was identified and removed piecemeal with endoscopic punches and forceps; **(E)** the ipsilateral medial facetectomy was performed to decompress the lateral recess and ensure adequate decompression of the traversing nerve root; **(F)** the contralateral medial facetectomy was performed to decompress the lateral recess and ensure adequate decompression of the traversing nerve root.

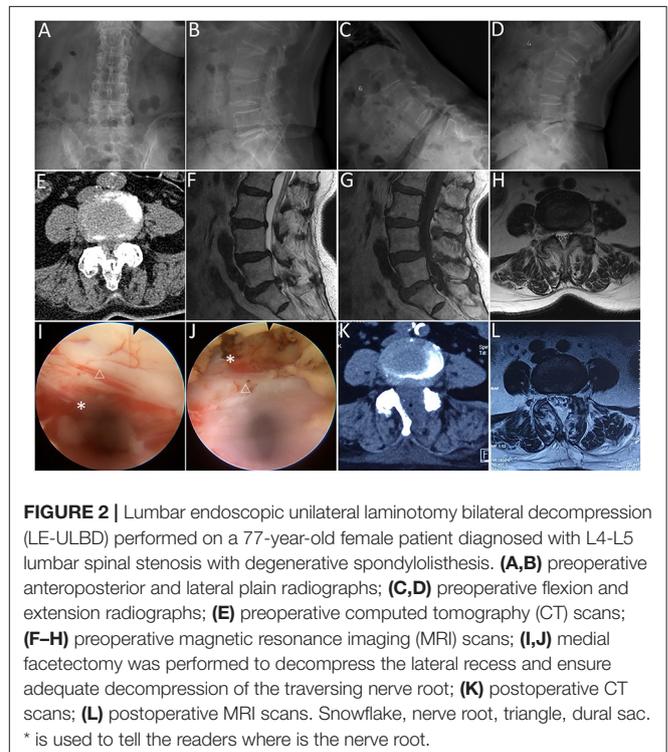


FIGURE 2 | Lumbar endoscopic unilateral laminotomy bilateral decompression (LE-ULBD) performed on a 77-year-old female patient diagnosed with L4-L5 lumbar spinal stenosis with degenerative spondylolisthesis. **(A,B)** preoperative anteroposterior and lateral plain radiographs; **(C,D)** preoperative flexion and extension radiographs; **(E)** preoperative computed tomography (CT) scans; **(F-H)** preoperative magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scans; **(I,J)** medial facetectomy was performed to decompress the lateral recess and ensure adequate decompression of the traversing nerve root; **(K)** postoperative CT scans; **(L)** postoperative MRI scans. Snowflake, nerve root, triangle, dural sac. * is used to tell the readers where is the nerve root.

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